PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

(Including Internal Control and Compliance Reports and Supplemental Information) for fiscal year ended June 30, 2006

Prepared by: Finance Department

Lori W. Collett Finance Manager

Chelese M. Rawlings Accounting Manager

Marina Smith Analyst

Karen Maxwell Analyst

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2006

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





Finance

October 31, 2006

To the Honorable City Council, Honorable Mayor and Citizens of Park City, Utah:

These financial statements have been prepared by the Park City Municipal Corporation Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

The City's management is responsible for the accuracy of the report, as well as the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the report is complete and accurate in all material respects. In order to have a basis to rely on for management to make these representations, the City maintains a comprehensive system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against loss of assets or material misstatement in the financial statements. This level of assurance is an inherent limitation in a system of internal controls because they should be cost-effective, i.e. the cost of such controls should not exceed the related benefit.

The financial statements contained in this report have been audited by Wisan, Smith, Racker & Prescott, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The objective of this type of examination is for the independent auditors to render an opinion, with reasonable assurance, as to whether the financial statements of Park City Municipal Corporation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 are fairly presented and free of any material misstatement. Audit procedures included extensive testing and analysis of transactions, balances and systems. The unqualified ("clean") opinion on the financial statements signed by Wisan, Smith, Racker & Prescott, LLP is located at the beginning of the financial section.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of *Management's Discussion and Analysis* (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The CAFR consists of four parts. The Introductory Section includes an organizational chart and this transmittal letter. The Financial Section includes the independent auditors' report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the financial statements and related notes. Also contained in the financial section is the Supplementary Information. The

Supplementary Information includes balance sheets and income statements for nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, as well as other budgetary information. The **Statistical Section** includes several schedules of unaudited data, depicting the financial history of the City, demographics and other selected information about the City. The **Internal Control and Compliance Reports** include the independent auditors' reports on internal control and compliance as required by *Audits of States, Local Government, and Non-Profit Organizations* and state compliance as required by the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide*.

Profile of Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah: Park City Municipal Corporation is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The City was chartered March 15, 1884, under the provisions of the Utah Territorial Government and the City operates under a council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing council. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the government's manager and attorney. The government's manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The council and mayor are elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members and the mayor serve four-year staggered terms. Elections are held every odd year.

The City provides many municipal services including: police, parks, recreation, library, water, public improvements, streets, planning, zoning, golf course, transportation and parking, and administrative services. This report includes the financial statements of the funds required to report on those activities, organizations and functions which are related to the City and are controlled by or financially accountable to the City's governing body, the City Council. The Park City Municipal Building Authority, the Park City Redevelopment Agency, the Park City Housing Authority and the Park City Water Service District are chartered under Utah law as separate governmental entities. However, this report includes the financial statements of these entities, since the City Council is the appointed board for all four agencies, and they are financially accountable to the City.

The State of Utah, Summit County, Wasatch County, Park City School District, Park City Fire Protection District, Snyderville Basin Special Recreation District and Snyderville Basin Water Reclamation District are overlapping governments that provide services to City residents; however, they are separately controlled, and they are not financially accountable to the City; therefore, they are not included in this report.

Budgetary Control: The City Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than June 22 of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation of the Park City Municipal Corporation's financial planning and control. Budgets are prepared for all governmental fund types including the general fund, capital improvements funds and debt service funds. The City Council approves all City budgets at the department level (general government, public safety, public works and recreation and library). Budgetary control is maintained at the department level where expenditures may not legally exceed

appropriations. Department heads may make transfers within a department. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the budget year but must hold a public hearing to increase a governmental fund's budget before it can pass the resolution.

Local Economy: Park City is located in Summit County, Utah, in the heart of the Wasatch Mountains, 30 miles east of Salt Lake City and 40 minutes by freeway from the Salt Lake International Airport. In 1869, silver bearing quartz was discovered in the area of what is now Park City, and a silver mining boom began. From the 1930's through the 1950's, the mining boom subsided due to the decline of silver prices, and Park City came very close to becoming a historic ghost town. During that time, the residents began to consider an alternative to mining and began developing Park City into a resort town. Park City is one of the western United States premier multi season resort communities with an area of approximately thirteen square miles and a permanent resident population of approximately 8,066.

World renowned skiing is the center of activity being complemented throughout the year with major activities and events, such as the Sundance Film Festival, Arts Festival, concerts, sporting events, along with a variety of other winter and summer related activities.

Tourism is the major industry in Park City, with skiing, lodging facilities and restaurants contributing significantly to the local economy. Park City is the home of two major ski resorts (Park City Mountain Resort and Deer Valley Resort) with a third area (The Canyons Resort) located only one mile north of the City limits.

In 2002, Salt Lake City hosted the 2002 Winter Olympic Games with two athletic venues in Park City and one just north of the City limits. Deer Valley Resort hosted the slalom, aerial, and mogul competitions; Park City Mountain Resort hosted the giant slalom, snowboarding slalom and snowboarding halfpipe; and the Utah Winter Sports Park (Summit County) hosted ski jumping, luge and bobsled events.

Deer Valley Resort hosted a FIS Freestyle World Cup event in January 2006 and will host an event for the FIS Freestyle World Cup again in January of 2007. Deer Valley has invested seven million dollars in improvements for the 2006-07 ski season. The Park City Mountain Resort, which was acknowledged by readers of *Transworld Snowboarding Magazine* as the "Best Park" in North America for a second year in a row, has been the site of the America's Opening, and other Pro-Cup racing events since 1986 and will host the World Superpipe Championship in March 2007. Both Deer Valley and Park City Mountain Resort continue to rate in the top-five of North American ski resorts. In fact, Deer Valley and Park City Mountain Resort ranked number two and number five, respectively, in a 2006 resort review in *Ski* Magazine. Now in its ninth season, The Canyons Resort continues its dynamic transformation into the largest single ski and snowboarding resort in Utah, and one of the five largest in the nation, with over ten million dollars worth of improvements for the 2006-07 season.

With the exception of the 2001-02 season, the year of the Olympic Winter Games, skier days at the three main resorts have increased significantly for the past five years. Encouraging tourism and the ski industry are objectives for Park City as well as for the State of Utah. With its close proximity to Salt Lake City and Salt Lake International Airport, Park City is a major contributor to these goals. In the 2005-06 season, Park City area resorts claimed 42.2 percent of the total Utah skier day market share. Total skier days in Park City area resorts were 1,715,536, up 7.0 percent from the previous year. With the local economy dependent on tourism and skiing, employment in Park City tends to decline in the spring and summer months. The City hopes to mitigate this by diversifying recreational activities in the "off-season".

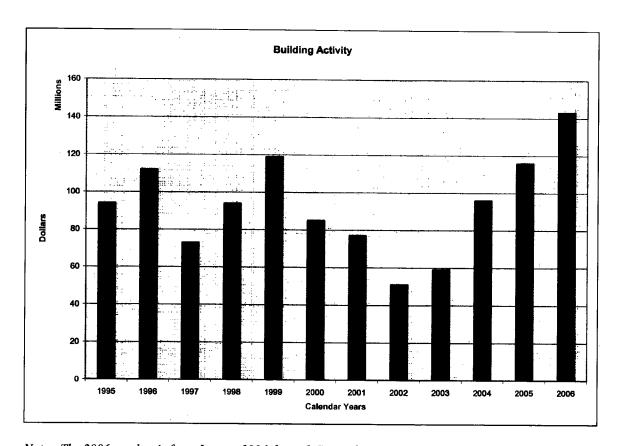
Major employer-types in the City include: accommodation and food service, arts/entertainment and recreation, retail trade, real estate, technical services, and government. Unemployment data was unavailable for Park City. However, the current Summit County unemployment rate is estimated at 3.0 percent, lower than the state average of 3.4 percent.

The service population is much larger due to the number of secondary homeowners and visitors within Park City. The City has approximately 126 restaurants, 308 shops, 25 private art centers and a community-sponsored art center. Many of Park City's restaurants are award winning and among the finest in the inter-mountain west. The Chamber of Commerce estimates that the City has a nightly capacity for 27,779 guests. On average, the City receives almost 8,000 visitors per night which translates to an occupancy rate of 28.8 percent. Please see Schedule 22 on page 120 of the Statistical Section of this report.

The Sundance Film Festival will make its 27th annual appearance in Park City in January 2007. Sundance and Park City Municipal Corporation have formerly agreed that Park City will remain festival headquarters through the 2018 film festival, with a ten year option after that. The deal also provides for the relocation of Sundance's Utah headquarters from Salt Lake City to Park City. The festival presents high quality, independent films. Nationally known actors, directors, writers and other members of the film industry conduct and attend workshops, classes, seminars, dinners and premiers which are open to the general public. It is estimated by the Sundance Institute that 37,470 out-of-state guests attended the festival in 2006. Total spending in Park City was approximately \$52.9 million during the festival, capping a decade of spectacular growth. The Kimball Arts Center sponsored its 36th annual two-day Park City Arts Festival in August 2006. The Park City Arts Festival is Utah's original, oldest and longest running visual arts festival. This event attracts over 40,000 visitors over the two-day period and features 220 of North America's top artists.

Closely connected to the tourist and ski industries in Park City is the real estate industry. During the past ten years, building activity within the City has gone from a low of \$51.0 million in 2002, because the Winter Olympic Games slowed the pace of construction, to a current high of \$142.8 million through September of 2006. Building activity over the last decade has averaged \$91.3 million. In 2006 (January through September), approximately

50.0 percent of the \$142.8 million in building activity has been in residential construction and 13.0 percent in commercial construction. The remaining 37.0 percent consisted of remodeling, expanding and miscellaneous construction. The residential construction total valuation of approximately \$71.2 million consisted of both single and multi-family homes. Easy access to Salt Lake City has intensified the role for Park City as a bedroom community. This role and the current economy have shifted emphasis to the construction of residential homes.



Note: The 2006 number is from January 2006 through September 2006 only.

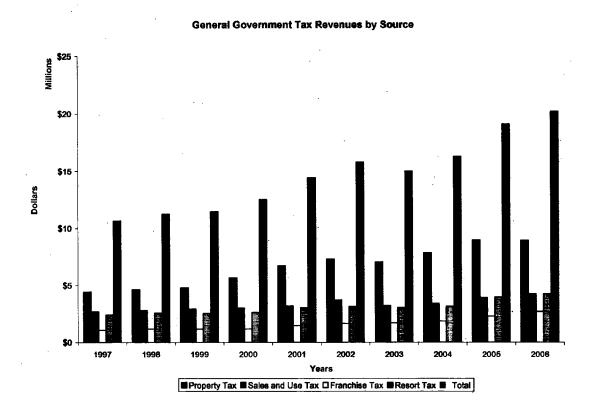
According to the latest statistics by Commercial Real Estate Services, residential lots in Park City range from an average of \$517,000 in the Prospector area to an average of more than \$2,425,000 for lots in Empire Canyon. Recent sales of condominiums in the secondary market indicate a distinct price appreciation. Condominiums range in average price from \$164,651 to \$1,873,894 depending upon location. Depending upon the area, single-family homes range from an average price of \$839,858 to \$5,224,500.

Long-term Financial Planning: The fiscal year 2006 ending general fund balance of \$3.1 million (13.7 percent of actual revenue) is \$0.8 million below the State mandated maximum reserve level for cities of 18.0 percent. In addition to the ending general fund balance, the City plans on maintaining a minimum of \$4.0 million in undesignated fund balance in the capital improvements fund. The fiscal year 2006 ending undesignated fund balance for the capital improvements fund was \$6.6 million.

The City's bond rating was upgraded in May 2006 by Moody to Aa2. A bond rating of Aa2 (Aaa is generally the highest rating) indicates that Park City as an issuer offers "excellent financial security." The recently issued Sales Tax Revenue Bond also received a rating of A+ from Standard & Poor's. Both ratings are very high by resort community standards.

Relevant Financial Policies: Park City Municipal Corporation is currently experiencing a very healthy economy. In fiscal year 2006, Park City experienced a 9.2 percent increase in general sales and use tax revenue and a 7.5 percent increase in resort tax revenue. In accordance with the Government Finance Officer's Association (GFOA) Recommended Practice, the City's budget policy directs that these potentially one-time revenue increases be dedicated to completing current projects, ensuring the maintenance of existing infrastructure or securing funding for previously-identified needs. The revenues can not be used for new capital projects or programming needs.

Please see the following graph, General Government Tax Revenues by Source, for a tenyear history of property tax, sales and use tax, franchise tax and resort tax collected by the City. Please see Schedule 5 on page 103 of the Statistical Section of this report.



Park City will continue to expect a growing economy in future years. Diversification of resort activities, promoting additional special events, and sound financial policies will all aid in ensuring a thriving economy.

Major Initiatives: Park City is currently involved with many water projects in various stages of construction. The Boothill Water Storage Tank is a two million gallon water tank that is currently being constructed. This project is estimated to cost around \$1.8 million and is scheduled for completion in the summer of 2007. Alongside the water storage tank is the Boothill Pump Station project. This pump station is in the design phase and once constructed will help provide greater system flexibility in supplying water to various areas in Park City. The pump station project is estimated to be \$1.9 million. The Park Meadows Well Treatment project has almost been completed and is currently conducting operations. This project involved upgrading and constructing water treatment facilities for water that had been contaminated with surface water. Both the Park Meadows Well Treatment and Boothill Pump Station projects are funded through water revenue bonds and water impact fees. The Boothill Water Storage Tank project is funded through water revenue bonds and water service fees. The Judge Tunnel water treatment project is scheduled for construction in 2007 and has an estimated cost of \$5.1 million. This treatment plant will lessen the turbidity levels for water coming from the Judge Tunnel during the spring runoff.

Update on Major Projects: The Quinn's Recreation Complex is nearing completion. The complex includes an ice skating arena and soccer and softball fields. The total anticipated cost is \$12.4 million. The 2007 budget includes approximately \$200,000 of additional funding for the Quinn's Recreation Complex. The soccer and softball fields are expected to be completed in the fall of 2006. The ice rink phase was opened on February 25, 2006.

Reconstruction of Prospect Avenue in accordance with the Old Town Study will soon be underway. The project, which includes the replacement of water and sewer lines, is nearing the end of the formal bid process. Total budgeted expenses for the project are \$1.2 million.

The City is expected to begin construction on the proposed Town Plaza in the spring of 2007. The project will include Swede Alley realignment, a potential post office remodel and construction of an envisioned "shell space" building at the end of the China Bridge parking structure. Total estimated cost for the project is expected to be \$3.8 million. The plaza will be developed in phases, with the construction of the shell space in the first phase.

The City began construction on the Public Safety Facility at Snow Creek on July 27, 2006. The facility will be approximately 23,000 square feet and will house the police and dispatch departments. It will be located just south of the post office on the corner of SR 224 and Snow Creek Drive. The total proposed budget for this project is \$5.4 million. Construction is expected to take approximately thirteen months.

Awards and Acknowledgements:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Park City Municipal Corporation for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last eighteen consecutive years, fiscal years 1987-2005. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Park City Municipal Corporation also received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the GFOA for the City's adopted budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The City has won this award for fiscal years 1992 and 1993 and the bienniums beginning 1993, 1997, 1999, 2001 and 2003. In order to qualify for the award program, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories including policy documentation, financial planning and organization.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Finance and Accounting Department. We would like to express our appreciation to Wisan, Smith, Racker & Prescott, LLP, certified public accountants, for their professional service and assistance. We would also like to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operation of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully Submitted,

Thomas B. Bakaly - City Manager

Lori W. Collett - Finance Manager

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH

Park City Municipal Building 445 Marsac Avenue Park City, Utah 84060

MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL AS OF JUNE 30, 2006

Name Term Expires

Mayor

Dana Williams January 2010

2384 Doc Holiday Drive Park City, Utah 84060

Councilors

Roger Harlan January 2010

2558 Geronimo Court Park City, Utah 84060

Jim Hier January 2010

2599 Morning Sky Court Park City, Utah 84060

Candace Erickson January 2008

PO Box 3364 2614 Little Kate Road Park City, Utah 84060

Marianne Cone January 2008

PO Box 161 86 Prospect Avenue Park City, Utah 84060

Joe Kernan January 2008

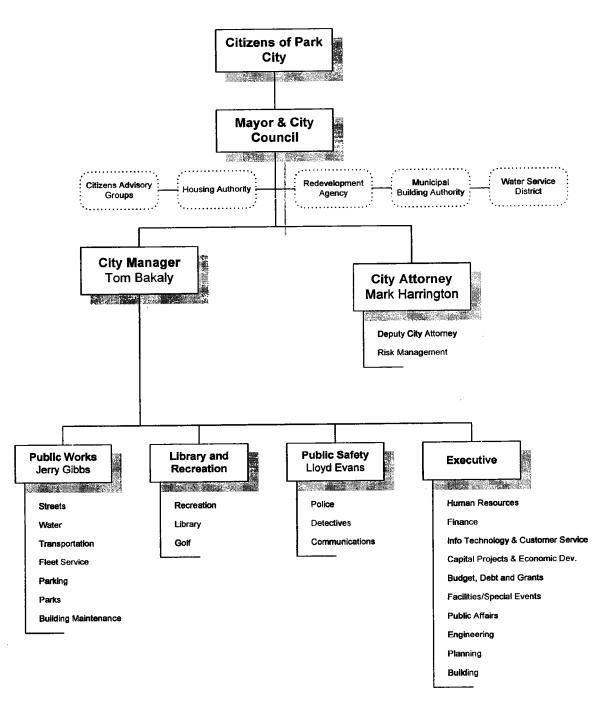
PO Box 680182 1970 Stryker Avenue Park City, Utah 84060

> Thomas B. Bakaly, City Manager Mark Harrington, City Attorney Lori W. Collett, Finance Manager

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

FY 2005-2006



The above organizational structure also accurately depicts the Park City Redevelopment Agency and the Park City Municipal Building Authority structure.

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Park City

Municipal Corporation,

Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Caren E perge

President

Seffry R. Emer

Executive Director

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

132 PIERPONT AVENUE, SUITE 250 SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101 FAX (801) 328-2015 (801) 328-2011

MEMBER
UTAH ASSOCIATION OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2006, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 20 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, budgetary comparison information, and statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison information have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Wiram Smith Racher & Present, UP

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The following narrative is presented to facilitate a better understanding of the City's year-end financial position and results of operations for the year ended June 30, 2006. When read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal and the notes to the financial statements, this section's financial highlights, overview and analysis should assist the reader to gain a more complete knowledge of the City's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's government-wide net assets (the amount by which assets exceed liabilities) as of June 30, 2006 were \$191,718,243. Of this amount \$51,160,751 (unrestricted net assets) is available to meet ongoing financial obligations.
- The City's government-wide net assets increased by \$13,804,012. Of this amount, business-type activities increased by \$3,526,309, a rise of 8.0 percent, and the governmental activities increased by \$10,277,703 a rise of 7.7 percent when compared to last fiscal year.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$63,222,923 a decrease of \$5,058,184 (7.4 percent) compared to the beginning of year fund balance amount. The decrease in fund balance in comparison to last fiscal year is the net effect of an increase in unreserved, designated fund balance for capital projects combined with the decrease in reserved fund balance for the sales tax revenue and refunding debt service fund and the capital projects fund. Of the combined total fund balance, \$8,605,641 is available for spending at the discretion of the City (unreserved and undesignated fund balance).
- The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund at June 30, 2006 totaled \$3,120,657 and is 13.7 percent of the General Fund total revenues for the year and 36.3 percent of total governmental unreserved and undesignated fund balance.
- The City's total debt increased by \$94,344 during fiscal year 2006. This represents a 0.1 percent increase over the prior year, which is attributable to the effect of the normal reduction in principal balances from required debt service payments offset by the issuance of \$4,450,000 in water revenue bonds.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of this report includes four parts: 1) the independent auditor's report; 2) this segment, management's discussion and analysis; 3) the basic financial statements; and 4) supplementary information. Within the basic financial statements are two distinct types of financial statements, 1) the government-wide financial statements, and 2) the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are also an integral part of the basic financial statements. The government-wide view of the City's finances is a requirement under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, which creates a new financial reporting model for all state and local governments, and became effective for the City for fiscal year 2003. Fund financial statements have been reported in the past.

Immediately following the notes to the financial statements, the supplementary information includes balance sheets and income statements for nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, as well as other budgetary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements provide a view of City finances as a whole, similar to a private-sector business. These statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, and the resulting difference between the assets and liabilities, or net assets. Net assets (and the related change in net assets from year to year) is probably the most important financial measurement to enable understanding of the financial position of the City, and whether financial position improves or deteriorates each year. To assess the overall health of the City, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the property tax base, the condition of the City's infrastructure, etc. should be considered.

The Statement of Activities shows how the City's net assets changed as a result of its operations during the most recent fiscal year. To understand the basis of how these numbers are determined, it is important to note that changes in net assets are reported whenever an event occurs that requires a revenue or expense to be recognized, regardless of when the related cash is received or disbursed (the accrual basis of accounting). For example, most revenues are reported when the revenues are legally due, even though they may not be collected for some time after that date; and an obligation to pay a supplier is reported as an expense when the goods or services are received, even though the bill may not be paid until some time later.

There are two distinct types of activities reflected in the government-wide statements, i.e. governmental activities, and business-type activities. Governmental activities are those supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, while business-type activities are those in which all costs (or at least a significant portion of costs) are intended to be recovered through user fees and charges. The governmental activities for

Park City Municipal Corporation include General Government (Council, Mayor, City Attorney, Human Resources, Technical & Customer Services, Budget, Debt and Grants, Building, Capital Projects and Economic Development, Planning, Engineering, Special Events and Facilities, Finance, Public Affairs, Quinn's Recreation Complex and Non-departmental); Public Safety (Police); Public Works (Streets, Snow Removal, Parks, Building Maintenance); Library and Recreation. The business-type activities include Water, Transportation and Parking, and Golf.

The Park City Municipal Building Authority, the Park City Redevelopment Agency, the Park City Housing Authority and the Park City Water Service District are chartered under Utah law as separate governmental entities. However, the government-wide financial statements include the financial statements of these entities, since the City Council is the appointed board for all four agencies, and these entities are financially accountable to the City.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23-26 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based on the purposes for which the funds are to be spent as well as by how the activities are to be controlled. The three broad categories of funds are: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — At the fund level, the focus is on changes in short-term spendable resources and the balance available to spend, rather than the long-term focus used for determining government-wide numbers. Because the focus is so different between fund statements and government-wide statements, a reconciliation between the two types of statements is necessary to understand how the numbers differ. Such reconciliations are provided for the reader on pages 30 and 32. The City has three governmental type funds. These are the general fund, the debt service funds and the capital projects funds. Five of these are considered major funds: General Fund, Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Debt Service Fund, Park City General Obligation Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Improvement Fund and Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Improvement Fund. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29-33 of this report. A summary of other funds (nonmajor funds) is combined into one "Other Governmental Funds" column. The composition of the nonmajor funds is shown in combining statements later in the report under the supplementary information section on pages 73-87.

• The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources of the City that are not accounted for by a separate specialized fund. More specifically, the general fund is used to account for ordinary operations such as collection of tax revenues and general government expenditures. The City adopts an annual

appropriated budget for its general fund. On page 33, a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

- Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the
 payment of general obligation bonds, special assessment bonds, sales tax revenue
 and refunding bonds, and tax increment bonds issued by the Main Street and
 Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agencies (RDA). Therefore, this fund is set
 up to accumulate the capital used to pay both the interest and principal on bond
 debts.
- Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital improvements. This fund does not account for capital improvements financed by the proprietary funds.

Proprietary Funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City uses both enterprise funds and internal service funds. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 35-39 of this report.

- Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The City currently operates enterprise funds for City-owned water system, a public transportation system (bus and trolley system), paid parking system and golf course.
- Internal Service Funds are used to account for the central financing of goods or services provided by an internal service fund to various departments of the City or other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City currently has two internal service funds. The Fleet Services Fund provides vehicle storage, repair, and maintenance. The Self-Insurance Fund was established to allow the City to supplement its regular insurance coverage. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The combining statements for internal service funds can be found on pages 89-91 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used for assets the City receives wherein the City has temporary custody. Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds

are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 41 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements contain additional information important to a complete understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are located after the statements for major funds as listed in the table of contents.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net assets – The following table presents summary information from the Statement of Net Assets in the basic financial statements for the years ending June 30, 2005 and 2006.

Park City Municipal Corporation Comparative Summary of Net Assets (in millions of dollars)

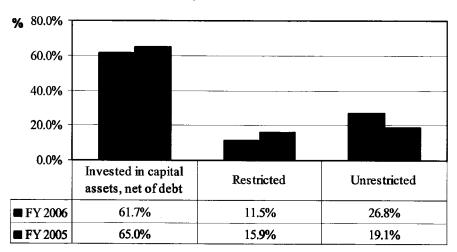
	Govern Activ	mental vities		ss-Type vities	То		
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2005	<u>2006</u>	2005	Total % Change
Current and other assets	\$ 85.2	\$ 90.2	\$ 19.7	\$ 12.5	\$ 10 4.9	\$ 102.7	2.1%
Capital assets	116.9	105.7	40.2	40.1	157.1	145.8	7.8%
Total Assets	202.1	195.9	59.9	52.6	262 .0	248.5	5.4%
Long-term debt	43.0	46.8	11.6	7.6	54.6	54.4	0.4%
Other liabilities	15.2	15.5	0.5	0.7	15.7	1 6.2	-3.1%
Total liabilities	58.2	62.3	12.1	8.3	70.3	70.6	-0.4%
Net assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	84.5	81.4	33.9	34.3	118.4	115.7	2.3%
Restricted	13.4	24.5	8.7	3.7	22.1	28.2	-21.6%
Unrestricted	46.0	27.7	5.2	6.3	51.2	34.0	50.6%
Total net assets	\$ 143.9	\$ 133.6	\$ 4 7.8	\$ 44.3	\$ 191.7	\$ 177.9	7.8%

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In fiscal year 2006 the City's assets exceeded liabilities by approximately \$191.7 million (net assets), compared to \$177.9 million in fiscal year 2005. Approximately 61.7 percent in fiscal year 2006 and 65.0 percent in fiscal year 2005 of these amounts are represented by the investment in capital assets, net of debt still outstanding relating to acquisition of those assets (see subsection explaining capital assets and debt below). Due to the nature of these assets (long-term assets which are not readily convertible to liquid assets) they are not considered to be available for spending or appropriation. Further, even though the presentation here shows capital assets net of related debt, it should be understood that the repayment of this debt does not come from the capital assets themselves, but comes from other resources. The increase in the City's

investment in capital assets net of related debt of \$2.7 million was due to routine acquisition of capital assets and repayments of the related debt. Restricted net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Bond proceeds are restricted for construction of capital assets including open space acquisition, recreation fields, park improvements, public safety facility, parking structure expansion and road improvements. The other sub-classification of net assets is unrestricted. The balance of approximately \$51.2 million in fiscal year 2006 and \$34.0 million in fiscal year 2005 is unrestricted, which denotes that this amount may be used to meet general, on-going financial obligations. This increase from last fiscal year is the result of an increase in ongoing revenues such as property taxes, rate increases and investment earnings.

The following graph depicts the percentage of restricted and unrestricted net assets as discussed above.

Park City Municipal Corporation Net Asset Percentage June 30, 2005 and 2006



Changes in Net Assets - As taken from the Statement of Activities in the basic financial statements, the following table depicts the changes in net assets for fiscal years 2005 and 2006.

Park City Municipal Corporation Summary of Changes in Net Assets (in millions of dollars)

	•			Governmental Activities			isiness-Type Activities			To	75-4-1-0/		
	20	0 <u>6</u>	20	005	20	006	2	0 05	2	006	2	2005	Total % Change
Revenues													
Program revenues													
Charges for services	\$	4.8	\$	4.2	\$	8.7	\$	7.1	\$	13.5	\$	11.3	19.5%
Operating grants and contributions		0.2		0.1		-		0.3		0.2		0.4	- 50.0%
Capital grants and contributions		2.0		3.4		3.1		4.7		5.1		8.1	-37.0 %
General revenues													
Property tax		12.4		12.5		-		-		12.4		12.5	-0.8%
Other taxes		11.2		10.1		2.9		2.7		14.1		12.8	10.2%
Investment earnings		3.0		1.5		0.5		0.3		3.5		1.8	94.4%
Other		2.3		0.3		0.3		0.5		2.6		0.8	225.0%
Total revenues		35.9		32.1		15.5	_	15.6		51.4	_	47.7	7.8%
Expenses													
General government		9.8		6.5		-		-		9.8		6.5	50.8%
Public safety		3.6		3.3		-		-		3.6		3.3	9.1%
Public works		7.8		7.7		-		-		7.8		7.7	1.3%
Library & recreation		2.5		2.3		-		-		2.5		2.3	8.7%
Interest on long-term debt		1.9		1.9				-		1.9		1.9	0.0%
Water		-		-		5.1		5.6		5.1		5.6	-8.9%
Transportation and parking		-		-		5.7		5.1		5.7		5.1	11.8%
Golf course		-				1.2_		1.2_		1.2		1.2	0.0%
Total expenses		25.6		21.7		12.0	_	11.9	_	37.6		33.6	11.9%
Change in net assets		10.3		10.4		3.5		3.7		13.8		14.1	-2.1%
Net assets beginning	1	33.6		123.2		44.3		40.6		177.9		163.8	8.6%
Net assets ending	\$ 1	43.9	\$	133.6	\$	47.8	\$	44.3	\$	191.7	\$	177.9	7.8%

Net assets increased from governmental activities in fiscal year 2006 approximately \$10.3 million and \$10.4 million in fiscal year 2005. Much of this increase is due to more taxes, charges for services, investment earnings and gain on sale of capital assets. Total expenses increased \$3.9 million during the fiscal year. The general government expense increase of \$3.3 million is the result of increases in personnel, professional consulting and miscellaneous contract services. In addition, the City opened the Quinn's Recreation Complex Ice Skating Arena in February 2006, and the expenses for operations of the arena are included in general government.

Net assets increased \$3.5 million in fiscal year 2006 and \$3.7 million in 2005 for business-type activities. The revenues and the expenses overall for the business-type activities stayed the same. The charges for services increased \$1.6 million because of increased water service fees, golf fees and regional transit revenue. However, this increase was offset by a decrease in operating and capital grants and contributions of \$1.9 million.

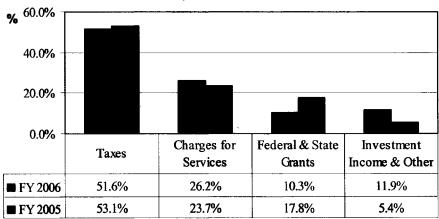
Revenue – For the year ended June 30, 2006, the City's government-wide total revenues are approximately \$51.4 million as compared to the prior year total revenues of \$47.7 million. Key elements of this change were as follows:

• Of the City's total revenues, approximately 51.6 percent in fiscal year 2006 and 53.1 percent in fiscal year 2005 resulted from taxes (a little under half of which is from property taxes) as shown in the following table (amount in millions):

		nent-wide evenues	
	<u>2006</u>	2005	Total % Change
Property tax, levied for general purposes	\$ 10.2	\$ 10.8	-5.6%
Property tax, levied for debt service	2.2	1.7	29.4%
General sales and use tax	7.1	6.5	9.2%
Franchise tax	2.7	2.3	17.4%
Resort tax	4.3	4.0	7.5%
Total	\$ 26.5	\$ 25.3	4.7%

- Charges for services increased from 23.7 percent of total revenues in fiscal year 2005 to 26.2 percent in fiscal year 2006. This is due to increased collection of building fees, recreational service fees, water service fees, golf fees and regional transit revenue. Due to the opening of the Quinn's Recreation Complex Ice Skating Arena in February 2006, approximately four months of revenue from the operation of the facility is included in charges for services.
- Operating and capital contributions and grants decreased to 10.3 percent of total revenues in fiscal year 2006 as compared to 17.8 percent in fiscal year 2005. This was a result of decreased federal grant funds obtained by the City offset by an increase in infrastructure contributed by developers.
- Investment income, which is a combination of interest earnings and change in fair value of investments, and other miscellaneous income sources increased to 11.9 percent of total revenues in fiscal year 2006 from 5.4 percent in fiscal year 2005. Investment income increased \$1.7 million due to rising interest rates. The City sold land that resulted in a gain of \$1.1 million in fiscal year 2006.

Government-Wide Revenues by Source June 30, 2005 and 2006



Expense - The City's government-wide total expenses cover a range of services. For the year ended June 30, 2006 the City's total expenses are \$37.6 million compared to the prior year of \$33.6 million. Of the \$4.0 million increase, \$3.3 million was for general government, \$0.3 million for public safety, \$0.1 million for public works, \$0.2 million for library and recreation and a net increase of \$0.1 million in business-type activities.

Governmental Activities:

Revenue Highlights:

- Taxes comprise the largest source of revenue for the City's governmental activities: Approximately \$23.6 million or 66.0 percent in fiscal year 2006 and \$22.6 million or 70.5 percent in fiscal year 2005 of total revenues from governmental activities. The \$1.0 million increase is the net of a \$0.1 million decrease in general property tax combined with a \$0.5 million increase in property tax levied for debt services and a \$0.6 million increase in franchise taxes. Of total taxes, real property taxes are approximately \$12.4 million (52.5 percent) in fiscal year 2006 and \$12.5 million (55.1 percent) in fiscal year 2005.
- Charges for services increased to \$4.8 million or 13.4 percent of total revenues in fiscal year 2006 from \$4.2 million or 13.2 percent of total revenues in fiscal year 2005. Most of the increase in 2006 was a result of collecting more in building permits, plan application fees, building fees, impact fees and recreational service fees.
- Grant and contribution revenue represents approximately \$2.2 million or 6.1 percent in fiscal year 2006 and \$3.5 million or 10.6 percent in fiscal year 2005 of total revenues. The \$1.3 million decrease was primarily the result of a \$2.0 million cash contribution received in fiscal year 2005 but not 2006 offset by an increase in contributed infrastructure from \$0.8 million in fiscal year 2005 to \$1.3 million in 2006.

Expense Highlights:

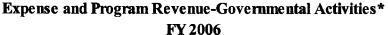
- General government expenses of approximately \$9.8 million in fiscal year 2006 and \$6.5 million in fiscal year 2005 represented 38.3 percent in fiscal year 2006 and 30.0 percent in fiscal year 2005 of total expenses from governmental activities. General government includes City Council, Mayor, Legal, Special Events and Facilities, Human Resources, Technical Services, Budget, Debt and Grants, Capital Projects, Finance, Public Affairs, Planning, Engineering, Building, Quinn's Recreation Complex and Non-departmental.
- Public Works, accounted for approximately \$7.8 million or 30.4 percent in fiscal year 2006 and \$7.7 million or 35.4 percent in fiscal year 2005 of total expenses. The \$0.1 million increase in expenses in 2006 was primarily a result of increased snow removal from an unusually harsh winter including increased personnel costs due to overtime.
- Public Safety expenses were a little over \$3.6 million or 14.1 percent in fiscal year 2006 and \$3.3 million or 15.2 percent in fiscal year 2005. This increase was due to a fully staffed public safety department, increased differential time (increased pay rates for working afternoon or graveyard shifts), equipment and vehicle purchases.

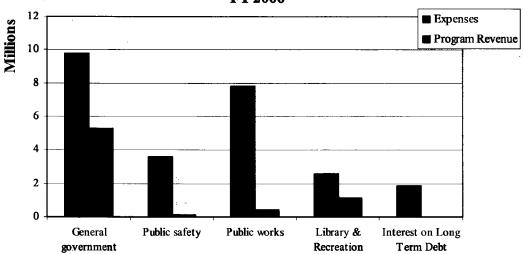
As a result, total net expenses that were funded by general revenues were \$18.7 million. Tax revenues of \$23.6 million were sufficient to fund net expenses in fiscal year 2006.

The following presents the costs and net costs (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid) of the City's programs:

Park City Municipal Corporation Costs of Governmental Activities (in millions of dollars)

		Cost of vices	Net C Serv			
	<u>2006</u>	2005	2006	2005	Total % Change	
General government	\$ 9 .8	\$ 6.5	\$ 4.5	\$ 0.2	2150.0%	
Public safety	3.6	3.3	3.5	3.2	9.4%	
Public works	7.8	7.7	7.4	7.4	0.0%	
Library & recreation	2.5	2.3	1.4	1.4	0.0%	
Interest on long term debt	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0 %	
Total	\$ 25.6	\$ 21.7	\$ 18.7	\$ 14.1	32.6%	





^{*}Based on Government-Wide Financial Statements. See page 25

Business-type Activities:

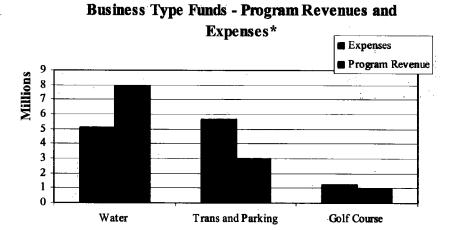
The City's business-type activities increased net assets by \$3.5 million. Key elements of this increase were as follows:

Revenue Highlights:

- Charges for services for business-type activities increased approximately \$1.6 million in fiscal year 2006. The \$0.3 million increase in transportation charges for services is from an increase in City parking fines and regional transit revenue. The City transit department provides bus service to locations outside the Park City limits in accordance with a regional transit agreement with Summit County. Summit County pays the City for these transit services. In fiscal year 2006, bus routes outside the City were expanded resulting in increased revenue.
- A \$1.3 million increase in the water fund charges for services was due to increased water service fees which went into effect July 1, 2005.
- Operating and capital grants and contributions decreased by \$1.9 million from fiscal year 2005 to fiscal year 2006. This decrease was a combination of \$0.1 million decrease in capital contributions to the water fund as a result of decreased developer donated assets and a \$1.8 million decrease in the receipt of federal grant funds by the transit fund.
- General sales and use tax increased by \$0.2 million for business-type activities because of an overall increase in tourism resulting in increased sales tax revenue.

Expense Highlights:

- Salaries and benefits increased by \$0.2 million in 2006. The transportation fund accounted for this increase due to the recruitment of additional bus drivers and overtime to accommodate the increase in regional transit bus routes.
- Energy and utilities increased by \$0.2 million in fiscal year 2006. The transportation fund accounted for more than \$0.1 million increase in energy and utilities as a result of increased diesel fuel prices and expanded regional transit bus routes.



*See Page 25

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of resources available for appropriation. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved, undesignated fund balance is a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2006 the aggregate fund balance of the City's governmental funds was \$63.2 million, a decrease of \$5.1 million in comparison with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Approximately \$8.6 million or 13.6 percent in fiscal year 2006 and \$13.0 or 19.1 percent in fiscal year 2005 of this amount is unreserved, undesignated fund balance, which is available for appropriation by the City Council at their discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either reserved or designated and is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to the following: \$1.2 million for debt service on the City's outstanding bonds and \$53.4 million for capital improvements.

The \$4.4 million decrease in the unreserved, undesignated fund balance for the City's governmental funds is primarily attributed to decreased fund balance in the general fund and sales tax revenue and refunding debt service fund. The decrease was primarily due to moving the funds to unreserved, designated for capital projects in accordance with the City's budget.

The general fund is the principal operating fund of the City. Utah State code establishes a 5.0 percent minimum (\$1,088,192) and an 18.0 percent maximum (\$3,917,492) limit to the amount that may be accumulated as the fund balance in the general fund. As of June 30, 2006 the unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund was \$3,120,657 and was \$796,835 below the 18.0 percent limit. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance decreased by \$96,122 in 2006 as compared to an increase of \$224,715 in fiscal year 2005.

As of June 30, 2006 the unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the capital improvements fund was \$6.6 million. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance increased by \$1.2 million from fiscal year 2005. In 2006, a transfer of \$6.5 million was made from the general fund to the capital improvements fund which increased designated fund balance for capital projects in accordance with the City's budget.

As of June 30, 2006 the unreserved, undesignated fund balance in the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency capital projects fund was \$3.2 million. The unreserved, undesignated fund balance increased by a net amount of approximately \$0.4 million as compared with an increase of \$0.3 million in fiscal year 2005. The increase in fiscal year 2006 is a result of increased property tax collections and investment income combined with a decrease in transfers out.

Proprietary Funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net assets of the City's enterprise funds totaled approximately \$47.8 million in fiscal year 2006 as compared to \$44.3 million at the end of fiscal year 2005. Net assets at the end of fiscal year 2005 and 2006 for each of these funds were:

Park City Municipal Corporation Proprietary Funds

Fund		Am	Change			
	<u>2006</u> <u>2005</u>					
Water	\$	27,454,344	\$	24,482,131	\$	2,972,213
Tranportation and parking		17,731,020		17,226,952		504,068
Golf course		2,645,613		2,546,679		98,934
Total	\$	47,830,977	\$	44,255,762	\$	3,575,215

The net increase in net assets from the prior year was \$3.6 million as compared to an increase of \$3.6 million in fiscal year 2005. The increase in the water fund invested in capital assets net of related debt was due to acquisition of capital assets and repayments of the related debt. Operating revenues increased in all funds. The water fund operating revenues increased \$1.3 million accounting for most of the increase. Effective July 1, 2005 the water service rates increased by 4.0 percent.

Transportation fund net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt decreased by \$0.8 million primarily due to fiscal year 2006 depreciation expense and asset additions net of disposals. Unrestricted net assets increased approximately \$1.3 million due to increased sales tax revenue because of an increase in tourism in 2006. Golf fund unrestricted net assets increased by a little over \$0.1 million because of increased charges for services and miscellaneous revenue.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for expenditures of \$258,431 (net increase) can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$131,826 decrease in general government
- \$165,566 increase in public safety
- \$144,170 increase in public works
- \$80,521 increase in library and recreation

Final budgeted revenues of \$21,043,335 were less than actual revenues of \$22,797,211 by \$1,753,876, and actual expenditures of \$17,001,125 were under budgeted amounts of \$18,233,647 by \$1,232,522. All departments kept within their legal spending authority. See Note L on page 67 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets: The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities totaled \$157.1 million (net of \$101.3 million accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2006 as compared to \$145.8 million (net of \$95.1 million accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2005. This investment in capital assets includes land and water rights, buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles and equipment, art, infrastructure and construction in progress.

Major capital asset additions during the year ended June 30, 2006 included:

Governmental Activities:

- \$6.0 million for Quinn's Recreation Complex Ice Skating Facility
- \$6.0 million for addition to the China Bridge parking structure
- \$0.9 million for artificial turf at Quinn's Recreation Complex soccer and softball fields

Business-type Activities:

- \$2.0 million for Spiro Water Plant, stage two upgrade
- \$0.3 million for water lines within Quinn's Recreation Complex

Park City Municipal Corporation Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Govern Activ			ss-Type vities	To		
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2005	Total % Change
Land and water rights	\$ 63.9	\$ 63.2	\$ 6.9	\$ 6.9	\$ 70.8	\$ 70.1	1.0%
Infrastructure	84.3	80 .6	-	-	84.3	80.6	4.6%
Buildings	20.0	7.7	6.7	6.6	26.7	14.3	86.7%
Art	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.3	33.3%
Improvements other than buildings	15.3	14.9	38.9	35.9	54.2	50.8	6.7%
Vehicles and equipment	7.5	7.3	9.6	9.7	17.1	17.0	0.6%
Construction in progress	1.7	3.6	3.2	4.2	4.9	7.8	-37.2%
Accumulated depreciation	(76.1)	(71.8)	(25.2)	(23.3)	(101.3)	(95.1)	6.5%
Total Assets	\$ 116.9	\$ 105.7	\$ 40.2	\$ 40.1	\$ 157.1	\$ 145.8	7.8%

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note D-Capital Assets on pages 53-54 of this report.

Long-term Debt: At June 30, 2006 the City had \$53.9 million in bonds and contracts payable, an increase of 0.1 percent from fiscal year 2005. Of this amount \$18.7 million is considered to be general obligation debt and backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Debt that is secured solely by specific revenue sources is \$35.3 million. New debt issued during 2006 included \$4.5 million in water revenue bonds. Proceeds of the bonds are for the construction of water system infrastructure.

The City's general obligation bonds are rated Aa2 by Moody's and AA- by Standard & Poor's and Fitch. Standard & Poor's has assigned a rating of "A+" to the Series 2005 Sales Tax Bonds. The City's revenue bonds are rated A1 by Moody's and A- by Standard & Poor's.

The City's long-term obligations for the fiscal years 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

Park City Municipal Corporation Debt Outstanding (in millions of dollars)

	_	Govern Acti	nmen vities			Busine Acti	•	· .		Т	otal		
	2	2006	2	005	2	<u>2006</u>	2	<u>2005</u>	2	2006	2	2005	Total % Change
Contracts payable	\$	0.7	\$	0.8	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.7	\$	0.8	-12.5%
Note payable		-		-		0.06		0.09		0.06		0.09	-33.3%
General obligation bonds		18.6		19.9		-		-		18.6		19.9	-6.5%
Revenue bonds		23.2		25.6		11.3		7.4		34.5		33.0	4.5%
Total Assets	\$	42.5	\$	46.3	\$	11.4	\$	7.5	\$	53.9	\$	53.8	0.1%

The State of Utah mandates a general obligation debt limit to 4.0 percent of total assessed value of \$3,761,216,189. The current limitation for the City is \$150,448,648, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt. The City's net debt subject to this limitation was \$18,570,000 or 0.5 percent of total assessed value leaving the amount available for future indebtedness at \$131,878,648. See Schedule 15 on page 113 of this report.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note E-Long-term Obligations on pages 55-63 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

- The unemployment rate for Summit County (of which Park City is the largest city) was 3.0 percent compared with the state unemployment rate of 3.4 percent, and a national rate of 4.8 percent. This compares with a rate of 5.3 percent for Summit County in 2005. (Sources: Utah Dept of Workforce Services)
- The fiscal year 2007 City budget does not include a property tax increase. The City Council recently adopted the certified tax rate for the General Fund. In accordance with Utah Statutes, the certified tax rate is intended to generate the same amount of property tax revenue as was received the prior year plus revenue for "new growth" occurring in the City. All other revenue sources have been estimated on a conservative basis using a multi-year trend analysis and assuming no significant changes in the local economy. The City's approach to budgeting includes preparation of a five-year capital plan. The long-term nature of the City's financial planning system allows decision makers to better understand the true effect of policy decisions. One of the most powerful aspects of the multi-year financial planning is its capability to recognize trends over time and begin at an early point to consider the necessary steps to alter the long-term forecasted position of the City.

• The rates and fees for most services remained constant for fiscal year 2007 compared with the fiscal year just ended except that water user rates were increased by 4.0 percent in the water fund effective June 2006. The City anticipates rate increases each year over approximately the next five years in order to provide adequate working capital necessary to maintain the water system, pay debt service and comply with the rate-covenant contained in the City's water revenue bond issue.

Contacting City Management

This financial report is designed to give its readers a general overview of the City's finances. Questions regarding any information contained in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Park City Municipal Corporation, Finance and Accounting Department at P.O. Box 1480, Park City, Utah 84060-1480.

Park City Municipal Corporation



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Primary Government Business-type Governmental Total Activities Activities **ASSETS** \$ 63,987,443 \$ 9,321,272 \$ 54,666,171 Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city 10,166,911 6,695,077 16,861,988 Cash and investments held by fiscal agent Receivables 12,763,566 12,763,566 Taxes 752,701 1,566,591 813,890 Accounts 1,626,416 1,626,416 Notes receivable (3,562)3,562 Internal balances 502,177 313,878 Inventories 188,299 421,824 421,824 **Prepaids** 5,652,587 3,615,314 2,037,273 Cash-restricted 763,038 763,038 Land and building held for resale Capital assets not being depreciated: 6,917,154 70,785,909 63,868,755 Land and water rights 4,903,828 3,175,487 1,728,341 Construction in progress 281,837 109,214 391,051 Art Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation): 4,445,910 20,940,865 16,494,955 **Buildings** 26,284,552 21,899,511 Improvements other than buildings 4,385,041 5,362,887 1,685,369 3,677,518 Vehicles and equipment 28,479,082 28,479,082 Infrastructure 131,764 684,338 552,574 Unamortized bond issuance costs \$202,083,121 \$ 59,895,021 \$261,978,142 Total assets

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	P	rimary Governme	nt
	Governmental	Business-type	
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities	Total
A A DAY ARVEC			
LIABILITIES	n 1 (02 400	¢ 454.296	f 2056.076
Accounts payable	\$ 1,602,490	\$ 454,386	\$ 2,056,876
Accrued liabilities	570,051	49,471	619,522
Deposits	400,000	25,000	425,000
Unearned revenue	12,605,196	-	12,605,196
Long-term debt due within one year:			
Note payable	-	58,400	58,4 00
Compensated absences	246,707	46,531	293,238
Contract payable	48,520	-	48,52 0
General obligation bonds	1,395,000	-	1,395,000
Revenue bonds	2,260,000	519,000	2,779,000
Long-term debt due in more than one year:			
Compensated absences	169,710	58,818	228, 528
Contract payable	637,889	-	637,889
General obligation bonds	17,276,229	-	17,276,229
Revenue bonds	20,980,501	10,856,000	31,8 36, 501
Total liabilities	58,192,293	12,067,606	70,259,899
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	84,556,119	33,886,798	118,4 42 ,917
Restricted for:	0 1,00 0,119	22,222,	,
Debt service	690,100	834,124	1,524,224
Water development	-	2,037,273	2,037,273
Capital projects	12,692,125	5,860,953	18,553,078
Unrestricted	45,952,484	5,208,267	51,160,751
Omesuicio	73,732,707	J,200,201	51,100,751
Total net assets	\$143,890,828	\$ 47,827,415	\$191,718,243

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		ì	Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue				
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 9,793,758	\$ 3,605,851	\$ 142,941	\$ 1,559,483	\$ (4,485,483)				
Public safety	3,614,976	4,625	48,0 29	42,685	(3,519,637)				
Public works	7,806,325	54,660	_	345,074	(7,406,591)				
Library and recreation	2,569,725	1,078,903	833	46,992	(1,442,997)				
Interest on long-term debt	1,864,527	-	-	-	(1,864,527)				
Total governmental activities	25,649,311	4,744,039	191,803	1,994,234	(18,719,235)				
Business-type activities:				:					
Water	5,126,182	5,314,807	-	2,607,015	2,795,640				
Transportation and parking	5,664,315	2,535,187	_	465,537	(2,663,591)				
Golf course	1,197,417	896,091	-	27,000	(274,326)				
Total business-type activities	11,987,914	8,746,085	-	3,099,552	(142,277)				
Total primary government	\$ 37,637,225	\$ 13,490,124	\$ 191,803	\$ 5,093,786	\$ (18,861,512)				

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		P	rima	ry Governme	nt	
·	G	overnmental	Bu	isiness-type		
	_	Activities		Activities	Total	
Changes in net assets:						
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(18,719,235)	\$	(142,277)	\$ (18,861,512)	
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property tax, levied for general purposes		10,235,875		-	10,235,875	
Property tax, levied for debt service		2,211,909			2,211,909	
General sales and use tax		4,268,697		2,871,465	7,140,162	
Franchise tax		2,715,184		-	2,715,184	
Resort tax		4,261,186		-	4,261,186	
Investment earnings		2,976,800		465,996	3,442,796	
Miscellaneous		1,275,609		331,125	1,606,734	
Gain on sale of capital assets		1,0 51,6 78		-	1,051,678	
Total general revenues		28,996,938		3,668,586	32,665,524	
Change in net assets		10,277,703		3,526,309	13,804,012	
Net assets—beginning	_	133,613,125		44,301,106	177,914,231	
Net assets—ending	\$	143,890,828	\$	47,827,415	\$ 191,718,243	



GOVERNMENTAL FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Funds

General Fund - Accounts for all activities not accounted for by other funds of the City. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the City, (i.e., police, public works, library, recreation, general government, etc.). The principal sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes, sales and use taxes and franchise taxes.

Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds Debt Service Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of money for the repayment of the 2005A and 2005B Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds.

Park City General Obligation Debt Service Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of money for the repayment of the 1999, 2000, 2003 and 2004 General Obligation Bonds. The principal source of revenue is property tax.

Capital Improvements Fund - Accounts for the construction of major capital projects not accounted for in the proprietary funds. The Capital Improvements Fund is used to account for capital projects of the City's general government.

Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund - Accounts for capital projects in the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment area.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

		Debt Service -Sales Tax Revenue and		Debt Service - Park City General	S.	Capital Projects - Capital	Capi Lower R	Capital Projects - Lower Park Avenue Redevelop-	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
ASSETS	General	Refunding		Obligation	Impr	Improvements Fund	E I	ment Agency	Funds	Funds
Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city Cash and investments held by fiscal agent	\$ 3,493,023	\$ 8,021,132	- 2 - 8	436,235	69	36,590,521	65	5,177,809	\$ 5,555,646 2,145,779	\$ 51,253,234 10,166,911
Receivables	,									,
Taxes	6,678,335			2,053,046		1 00		2,227,898	1,300,000	12,259,279
Accounts	134,422			1		182,889		14,863	24,426	356,600
Notes receivable	11,444			•		1,614,972		Ī	1	1,626,416
Due from other fund	•			•		6,232,622		•	•	6,232,622
Inventories	25,921		1	•		•		1	•	25,921
Cash-restricted	•			1		3,615,314		•	•	3,615,314
Land and building held for resale	•			-		763,038		•	•	763,038
Total assets	\$ 10,343,145	\$ 8,021,132	\$ 2	2,489,281	S	48,999,356	\$	7,420,570	\$ 9,025,851	\$ 86,299,335
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			 							
Accounts payable	\$ 266,530	643	69	•	↔	1,262,348	∽	,	·	\$ 1,528,878
Accrued liabilities	683,300			1		•		1	•	
Due to other fund	1	6,232,622	7	ı				ı	•	6,232,622
Deposits	•			•		1		•	400,000	400,000
Deferred revenue	6,272,658			2,053,046		2,378,010		2,227,898	1,300,000	14,231,612
Total liabilities	7,222,488	6,232,622	7	2,053,046		3,640,358		2,227,898	1,700,000	23,076,412
Fund balances										
Reserved for:										
Capital projects	1	8,015,584	4	•		3,615,314		ſ	Í	11,630,898
Debt service	•	5,548	œ	•		•		•	•	5,548
Nonmajor debt service funds-capital projects	•			•		•		1	1,061,227	1,061,227
Nonmajor debt service funds-debt service	ı			•		1		ı	684,552	684,552
Unreserved, designated for, reported in:										
Capital projects funds	i			•		35,147,879		2,040,371	•	37,188,250
Debt service fund	•			436,235		•		•	t	436,235
Nonmajor capital projects funds	•			•		•		•	3,551,772	3,551,772
Nonmajor debt service funds	•	-	,	•		1		•	28,800	28,800
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:										
General fund	3,120,657			•		•		٠	•	3,120,657
Capital projects funds	•			ı		6,595,805		3,152,301	•	9,748,106
Debt service funds	•	(6,232,622)	5	1				1		(6,232,622)
Nonmajor capital projects funds	•			•		•		ì	1,856,919	1,856,919
Nonmajor debt service funds	•		 - -	_		ı		•	112,581	112,581
Total fund balances	3,120,657	1,788,510	٥	436,235		45,358,998		5,192,672	7,325,851	63,222,923
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 10,343,145	\$ 8,021,132	2	2,489,281	69	48,999,356	es.	7,420,570	\$ 9,025,851	\$ 86,299,335
			 1							

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 63,222,923
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because	:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		116,923,380
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	504,287	
Interest receivable	383,686	887,973
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service fundare included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	ds	3,549,529
Certain items not accounted for as deferred under accrual accounting.		1,626,416
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and	therefore	
are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	(00.740)	
Compensated absences	(80,742)	
Revenue bonds	(23,190,000)	
General obligation bonds	(18,570,000)	
Contracts payable	(686 ,409)	
Unamortized bond issue costs	552,574	
Deferred bond premium	(151,730)	(42.210.202)
Accrued interest on the bonds	(193,086)	(42,319,393)
TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$143,890,828

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General	Debt Service - Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding	Debt Service - Park City General Obligation	Capital Projects Capital Improvements Fund	Capital Projects Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	# 17 075 904	r	\$ 2,2 11,909	\$ -	\$ 2,227,898	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 23,715,701
Taxes and special assessments	\$ 17,975,894 2,250,004	\$ -	\$ 2,211,909	5 -	\$ 2,227,090	, \$ 1,5 00, 000	2,250,004
Licenses and permits	179,014	-	· -	754,541	_	_	933,555
Intergovernmental	1,375,512	_	-	754,541	_	_	1,375,512
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	_	28,622
Fines and forfeitures	28,622	526.200	212 222	1,265,049	20 0,793	188,965	2,976,800
Investment income	583,480	526 ,29 0	212,223	, ,	200,793	100,703	1, 089,9 01
Impact fees	404 605	-	-	1,089,901	0.204	37,936	
Rental and other miscellaneous	404,685	506,000		764,117	9,284		1,216,022
Total revenues	22,797,211	526,290	2,424,132	3,873,608	2,437,975	1,526,901	33,586,117
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	7,201,245	_	-	-	_	-	7,201,245
Public safety	3,509,959	-	_		-	-	3,509,959
Public works	4,021,580	-	-	-	-	-	4,021,580
Library and recreation	2,268,341	-	-	-	-	-	2,268,341
Capital outlay	-	_	-	17,004,861	1,230,414	901, 768	19,137,043
Debt service							
Principal retirement	-	1,130,000	1,345,000	45,134	-	1,300,000	3,820,134
Interest		837,355	825,724	_	_	234,816	1,897,895
Total expenditures	17,001,125	1,967,355	2,170,724	17,049,995	1,230,414	2,436,584	41,856,197
Excess revenues over							
(under) expenditures	5,796,086	(1,441,065)	253,408	(13,176,387)	1,207,561	(909,683)	(8,270,080)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Proceeds from sale of assets	-		_	1,021,910	_	60,988	1,082,898
Transfers in	1,532,443	2,023,651	-	21,646,212	-	1, 990, 000	27,192,306
Transfers out	(7,424,651)	(14,867,667)	(269,058)	(628,302)	(670,000)	(1,203,630)	(25,063,308)
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	(5,892,208)	(12,844,016)	(269,058)	22,039,820	(670,000)	847,358	3,211,896
Net change in fund balances	(96,122)	(14,285,081)	(15,650)	8,863,433	537,561	(62,325)	(5,058,184)
Fund balances - beginning	3,216,779	16,073,591	451,885	36,495,565	4,655,111	7,388,176	68,281,107
Fund balances - ending	\$ 3,120,657	\$ 1,788,510	\$ 436,235	\$ 45,358,998	\$ 5,192,672	\$ 7,325,851	\$ 63,222,923

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$ (5,058,184)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	14.042.100	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	14,942,199 (4,691,648)	10,250,551
Contributions of capital assets are not recorded in the fund financial statements.	(1,000,100,100)	1,252,482
In the statement of activities, only the gain or (loss) on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, proceeds from sales increase financial resources.		
Eliminate proceeds of sale of assets	(1,082,898)	
Recognize gain (loss) on sale of assets	1,051,678	(31,220)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Taxes receivable	14,918	
Interest receivable	59,104	
Deferred revenue	(51,256)	22,76 6
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Costs associated with the issuance of long-term debt are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but deferred and amortized throughout the period during which the related debt is outstanding. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal repayments on long-term debt	3,820,134	
Amortization of issuance costs	(84,959)	
Amortization of bond premium	13,971	3,749,146
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable	88,234	
Compensated absences	(54,090)	34,144
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. Internal service fund net income of \$9,038 less amount allocated to business-type activities (\$3,562) and reversal of prior year allocation \$45,344		
net of depreciation expense of \$74 included in depreciation expense above.		58,018
Change in net assets of governmental activities		\$ 10,277,703

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted	Amounts		** * ***
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes				
General property tax	\$ 6,600,000	\$ 6,6 00, 000	\$ 6,391,025	\$ (208,975)
Delinquent prior years' taxes	265,000	265,000	339,802	74,802
General sales and use taxes	3,300,000	4,100,000	4,268 ,697	168, 697
Franchise taxes	1,583,375	2,120,000	2,715,184	595,184
Resort taxes	3,000,000	4,100,000	4,261,186	161,186
Licencses and permits				
Business licenses	15,500	15,500	21,691	6,191
Building permits	775,000	1,0 60,8 00	1,196,853	136,053
Plan application fees	5 5,00 0	237,500	310,395	72,895
Building fees	300,000	475,000	651,014	176,014
Other	20,500	40,000	70,051	30,051
Intergovernmental	·			
State liquor allotment	3 2,00 0	32,000	41,783	9,783
Special district contribution	7 5,00 0	75,000	45,000	(30,000)
State contributions	-	-	6,246	6,246
County contributions	· <u>-</u>	85,985	85,985	_
Federal contribution	30,00 0	•	-	-
Charges for services				
Recreational service fees	96 9,05 0	1,018,550	1,219,969	201,419
Reimbursable services	50,0 00	50,000	100,661	50,661
Cemetery fees and plot sales	8,500	27,250	54,660	27,410
Miscellaneous services	46,00 0	3,000	222	(2,778)
Fines and forfeitures	50,000	31,750	28,622	(3,128)
Miscellaneous	557 ,5 75	5 06,0 00	404,685	(101,315)
Investment income	119,900	200,000	583,480	383,480
Total revenues	17,852,400	21,043,335	22,797,211	1,753,876
Expenditures:				
General government	8,471,184	8,339,358	7,201,245	1,138,113
Public safety	3,361,020	3,526,586	3,509,959	16,627
Public works	3,944,952	4,089,122	4,021,580	67,542
Library and recreation	2,198,060	2,278,581	2,268,341	10,240
Total expenditures	17,975,216	18,233,647	17,001,125	1,232,522
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(122,816)	2,809,688	5,796,086	2,986,398
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	1,482,444	1,532,443	1,532,443	-
Transfers out	(924,651)	(7,424,651)	(7,424,651)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	557,793	(5,892,208)	(5,892,208)	
Net change in fund balances	43 4,9 77	(3,082,520)	(96,122)	2,986,398
Fund balance - beginning	1,020,789	3,226,980	3,216,779	(10,201)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,455,766	\$ 144,460	\$ 3,120,657	\$ 2,976,197

PROPRIETARY FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Funds

Water Fund - Accounts for the operations of the City's water utility.

Transportation and Parking Fund - Accounts for the operations of the City's public Transportation (bus and trolley) system and paid parking system.

Golf Course Fund - Accounts for the operations of the City's golf course.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2006

		Enterpr	ise Funds		
	Water Fund	Transportation and Parking Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Inter nal Service Funds
ASSETS	r dird		Tunu		- Culus
Current assets:					
Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city	\$ 1,213,836	\$ 7, 606 ,496	\$ 500,940	\$ 9,321,272	\$ 3,41 2,9 37
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent	6,695,077	-	_	6,695,077	, , , <u>-</u>
Accounts receivable	553 ,910	197, 329	1,462	7 52,7 01	28,26 0
Prepaids	421,824	-		421,824	-
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted	2,037,273	-	•	2,037,273	-
Inventories	233,049	30.699	50,13 0	31 3,8 78	1 62,3 78
Total current assets	11,154,969	7,834,524	5 52, 532	19,542,025	3,603,575
Noncurrent assets:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Property, plant and equipment					
Land and water rights	4,340,554	1,748,149	828,451	6,917,154	_
Buildings	480,000	4,539,480	1,671,487	6,690,967	-
Improvements other than buildings	35,538,321	2,898,554	509, 050	38,945,925	_
Art	-	109,214	· -	109,214	~
Vehicles and equipment	1,353,981	7,241,585	983,436	9,57 9,0 02	148,683
Construction in progress	3,151,234	24,253	_	3,175,487	-
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(16,858,418)	(6,558,658)	(1,775,879)	(25,192,955)	(148,683)
Net property, plant and equipment	28,005,672	10,002,577	2,216,545	40,224,794	-
Unamortized bond issuance costs	131,764	<u>-</u>		131,764	
Total noncurrent assets	28,137,436	10, 002, 577	2,216,545	40,356,558	
Total assets	39 ,292 ,405	17,837,101	2,769,077	59,8 98,5 83	3,603,575
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	359,683	50, 534	44,169	454,3 86	73,612
Accrued liabilities	42 ,721	-	6,750	49,471	-
Current portion of long-term debt					
Note payable	-		58,400	58,4 00	-
Compensated absences	17,206	24, 534	4,791	46,5 31	9,742
Revenue bonds	519,000	-	-	5 19,0 00	-
Total current liabilities	938,610	75,068	114,110	1,127,788	83,354
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	18,451	31,013	9,354	58,8 18	1 9,5 98
Deposits	25,000	-	-	25,0 00	-
Revenue bonds payable	10,856,000	-	-	10,856,000	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,899,451	31,013	9,354	10,939,818	19,598
Total liabilities	11,838,061	106,081	123,464	12,067,606	102,952
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	21,726,076	10, 002, 577	2,158,145	33,8 86,7 98	•
Restricted for:	21,.20,070	20,002,077	2,.00,110	22,000,750	
Debt service	834,124	_	_	834,124	_
Water development	2,037,273	_		2,037,273	-
Capital projects	5, 860 ,953	_	- -	5,8 60,9 53	<u>-</u>
Unrestricted	(3,004,082)	7 ,728,4 43	4 87,4 68	5,211,829	3,500,623
Total net assets	\$ 27,454,344	\$ 17,731,020	\$ 2,645,613	\$ 47,830,977	\$ 3,500,623
Total Het Models	Ψ &1,7J4,J44	Ø 17,731,020	<i>₽ 2,043,013</i>	φ 7/,030,7//	\$ 3,300,023

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Reconciliation of the Statement of Net Assets of the Proprietary Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

TOTAL NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

\$ 47,830,977

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of assets are different because:

Certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included with business-type activities.

(3,562)

Total net assets - business-type activities

\$ 47,827,415

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Enterprise Funds Internal Total Transportation Service Water and Parking Course Enterprise Funds Funds Fund Fund Fund **Operating revenues** \$ 8,746,085 \$ 2,214,779 896,091 \$ 2,535,187 Charges for services \$ 5,314,807 363,514 363,514 Miscellaneous 1,259,605 9,109,599 2,214,779 5,314,807 2,535,187 Total operating revenues Operating expenses 514,502 947,474 2,184,143 510,789 3,642,406 Salaries and benefits 402,898 1.014.061 1,157,311 2,773,085 Supplies, maintenance and services 1,212,876 499,962 677,104 Energy and utilities 44,495 926,344 381,887 Depreciation and amortization 1,149,014 860,844 165,165 2,175,023 74 4,702,260 1,123,347 9,516,858 2,205,741 3,691,251 Total operating expenses 136,258 (407,259)9,038 Income (loss) from operations 1,623,556 (2,167,073)Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Transit and resort sales tax 2,871,465 2,871,465 465.996 209,812 239,506 16,678 Investment income (288,235)(4,917)(293, 152)Interest expense Loss on sale of fixed assets (32,389)(32,389)Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) (110,812)3,110,971 11,761 3,011,920 Income before contributions 9,038 and transfers 1,512,744 943,898 148,019 2,604,661 Capital contributions 2,607,015 465,537 27,000 3,099,552 25,000 25,000 Transfers in (1,147,546)(905,367) (101,085)(2,153,998) Transfers out 9,038 2,972,213 504,068 98,934 3,575,215 Change in net assets 3,491,585 Net assets - beginning 24,482,131 17,226,952 2,546,679 44,255,762 3,500,623 Net assets - ending \$ 27,454,344 \$ 17,731,020 2,645,613 \$ 47,830,977

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets to the Statement of Activities Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

\$ 3,575,215

Amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds.

Internal service fund net income of \$9,038 less amount allocated to governmental activities \$12,600 and reversal of prior year allocation \$45,344.

(48,906)

Change in net assets of business-type activities

\$ 3,526,309

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Cash Flows **Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

		Enterpr	ise Funds		
	Water Fund	Transportation and Parking Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers	\$ 5,100,145	\$ 2,907,397	\$ 1,259,605	\$ 9,267,147	\$ 2,200,230
Payments to suppliers	(1,729,134)	(1,685,778)	(417,195)	(3,832,107)	(1,621,754)
Payments to employees	(947,474)	(2,184,143)	(510,789)	(3,642,406)	(507,368)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,423,537	(962,524)	331,621	1,792,634	71,108
Cash flows from noncapital					
financing activities					
Transfer from other fund	-	-	25,000	25,000	-
Transfers to other funds	(1,147,546)	(905,367)	(101,085)	(2,153,998)	-
Transit and resort sales tax	-	2,87 1,465	•	2,8 71,465	-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(1,147,546)	1,966,098	(76,085)	742,467	-
Cash flows from capital and					
related financing activities					
Intergovernmental capital grants	-	-	27,000	27,000	-
Capital contributions	2,231,598	465,537	-	2,697,135	-
Purchases of capital assets	(1,912,564)	(22,893)	(91,123)	(2,026,580)	-
Debt issuance	4,450,000	-	•	4,450,000	-
Bond issuance costs	(50,115)	-	_	(50,115)	-
Principal paid on bonds and capital lease	(503,000)	-	(32,522)	(535,522)	-
Interest paid on bonds and capital lease	(288,905)	-	(5,224)	(294,129)	=
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	5,130	_	-	5,130	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and					
related financing activities	3,932,144	442,644	(101,869)	4,272,919	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received on investments	234,285	222,304	15,605	472,194	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	234,285	222,304	15,605	472,194	
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents					
and investments held by city	5,442,420	1,668,522	169,272	7,280,214	71,108
Balances—beginning of the year	4,503,766	5,937,974	331,668	10,773,408	3,341,829
Balances—end of the year	\$ 9,946,186	\$ 7,606,496	\$ 500,940	\$ 18,053,622	\$ 3,412,937
Reconciliation to statement of net assets:	_ ψ _ /, ν το, 100	<u> </u>	Ψ 500,519	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city	\$ 1,213,836	\$ 7,606,496	\$ 500,940	\$ 9,321,272	\$ 3,412,937
Cash and cash equivalents-restricted	2,037,273	-	-	2,037,273	-
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent	6,695,077			6,695,077	
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 9,946,186	\$ 7,606,496	\$ 500,940	\$ 18,053,622	\$ 3,412,937
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,623,556	\$ (2,167,073)	\$ 136,258	\$ (407,259)	\$ 9,038
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	, ,		•		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,149,014	86 0,844	165,165	2,175,023	74
Change in assets and liabilities:	-,, '	,		,,	
Receivables, net	(214,662)	372,210	_	157,548	(14,549)
Inventories	(27,849)	(14,706)	33,450	(9,105)	36,505
Prepaid expenses	(16,224)	(11,700)	-	(16,224)	-
Accounts and other payables	(15,589)	(25,546)	(6,790)	(47,925)	32, 906
Accrued expenses	(74,709)	11,747	3,538	(59,424)	7,134
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 2,423,537	\$ (962,524)	\$ 331,621	\$ 1,792,634	\$ 71,108
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:

The Water Fund received improvements to its water system in the amount of \$375,416 representing developer donations.

Included in investment income is a decrease of \$21,635 in fair value for the year ended June 30, 2006.

FIDUCIARY FUND

The Park City Agency Fund is used to hold deposits and performance bonds.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2006

	PARK CITY AGENCY FUND		
ASSETS			
Cash, cash equivalents and			
investments held by city	\$ 1,830,127		
Total assets	\$ 1,830,127		
LIABILITY			
Deposits payable	\$ 1,830,127		
Total liability	\$ 1,830,127		

NOTES

TO THE

FINANCIAL

STATMENTS

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statement follows.

1. General Information

The Park City Municipal Corporation (the City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member Council. The City was chartered March 15, 1884, under the provisions of the Utah Territorial Government and the City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized in its charter: public safety (police), highways and streets, cultural and recreational, library, public improvements, planning and zoning, public transportation, water, golf and general administrative services.

2. Reporting Entity

These financial statements include the City and its component units. Component units are entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. The following entities are treated as blended component units: 1) The Park City Redevelopment Agency (RDA); 2) The Park City Municipal Building Authority (MBA); 3) The Park City Housing Authority (HA); and 4) The Park City Water Service District. All of these entities serve all the citizens of Park City and are governed by Park City's elected City Council. The bond issuance authorization for these entities is approved by the City Council.

It should be noted that the RDA currently has two capital projects funds and two debt service funds. The MBA currently has a capital projects fund and a debt service fund. The HA currently has a capital projects fund.

3. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in regards to interfund activities. All internal balances in the statement of net assets have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the statement of activities, internal service fund transactions have been eliminated.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

4. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Amounts received or recognized as receivable at fiscal year end are included in the financial statements as taxes receivable and deferred revenue. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Amounts received or recognized as receivable at fiscal year end are included in the financial statements as taxes receivable and unearned revenue. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the City's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial resources of the City not accounted for by a separate, specialized fund.

The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation bonds, sales tax revenue bonds, and tax increment bonds issued by the RDA.

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital improvements (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for the operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes. The City currently operates enterprise funds for City-owned water systems, a public transportation system (bus and trolley system), paid parking system and golf course.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the central financing of goods or services provided by an internal service fund to various departments of the City or other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City currently has two internal service funds. The fleet services fund provides vehicle storage, repair and maintenance. The self-insurance fund was established to allow the City to supplement its regular insurance coverage as further explained in Note K – Risk Management on page 67 of this report.

Agency Funds are used to account for the assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

5. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments - Cash and investment management in the City is administered by the City Treasurer in accordance with the Utah Money Management Act, Section 51-7 of the Utah Code (see Note B on pages 49-52 of this report). The City complies with GASB 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The statement requires certain investments to be reported at fair value and the change in fair value to be included in revenues or expenses. The City's policy is to report all investments at fair value. The City's investment in the State Treasurer's Pool has a fair value equivalent to the value of the pool shares. This pool is administered by the State of Utah and is regulated by the Money Management Council under provisions of the Utah State Money Management Act.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The government reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the government included all assets with acquisition dates as far back as June 30, 1980. Most of the City's infrastructure assets were valued at historical cost (when available) or estimated historical cost through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The total interest expense incurred by the City during the current fiscal year was \$125,897. The total interest income received by the City earned on invested bond proceeds was \$159,576. The net amount of \$33,679 was included as part of and thereby decreased the cost of capital assets under construction in connection with construction of water treatment facilities.

Art represents a collection of the City and is therefore not depreciated. Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-40
Public domain infrastructure	50
System infrastructure	30
Vehicles and equipment	5-20

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Land and Building Held for Resale - The cost of land and building held for resale in the Capital Improvements Fund are capitalized until the related property is subsequently sold. Land and building held for resale are carried at the lower of cost, market or committed sales price. Gains and losses on disposition of land and building held for resale are included in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. An amount equal to the carrying value of the asset is offset by unearned revenue. See Note O on page 69 of this report.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Assets - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Inventories and prepaid items - Inventories of supplies for the proprietary fund types consist principally of items used in repairing and maintaining the water distribution system and transportation equipment. Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Long-term Obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. The total unamortized bond issuance costs reported in the government-wide statement of net assets at June 30, 2006 were \$684,338 and the total unamortized bond premiums were \$151,730.

Compensated Absences - Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued based on the years of service of each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. The maximum amount of accumulated accrued vacation hours are determined by the length of service by each employee according to the following schedule:

0 to 5 years	192 hours
5 to 10 years	240 hours
10 plus years	288 hours

Accumulated vacation cannot exceed these limits at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination in good standing, all unpaid vacation that has been accrued, up to the above limits, is paid. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. See Note E on page 55 of this report.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Fund Balance - Reserves represent those portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Reserved for debt service and reserved for capital projects represent the portion of fund balance that is legally restricted as per the bond covenants. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources. Designations are established by actions of the City Council and management and can be increased, reduced or eliminated by similar actions.

Restricted Assets - Certain proceeds of the City's 2002 and 2006 Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the proprietary funds' statement of net assets because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The "construction fund" account with a balance at June 30, 2006 of \$5,860,953 is used to report those proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction. The "reserve fund" account with a balance at June 30, 2006 of \$834,124 is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond debt service account.

Water development fees are charged to new customers to pay for the cost of increasing the capacity of the water system to meet the additional demand created by the connection of new customers. The use of water development fees is legally restricted.

6. Budgets

State law requires the City Council to prepare and adopt budgets for all governmental and proprietary funds. The City Manager submits to the Mayor and City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of revenues. Between May 1 and June 15, the City Council reviews and adjusts the City Manager's proposed budget. On or before June 15, a public hearing is held and the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. Budgets are adopted below individual department levels, but control of budget appropriations is exercised, under state law, at the department level (General Government, Public Safety, Public Works and Library and Recreation).

After the budget is adopted, transfers of any unexpended appropriation amount between line items within a major category are to be initiated and approved by each respective department. Transfers between major categories and between programs within the same department and fund are to be initiated by the respective departments and approved by the City Manager. Transfers between capital improvement projects within the same fund are to be initiated by the individual designated as responsible for the project and approved by the City Manager. Transfers that will result in a total change in the appropriation for a project of more than 20 percent or if a project would be eliminated by the transfer must be approved by the City Council. The City Council may reduce or increase the budget of any fund by resolution during the budget year. The City Council must hold a public hearing to increase a fund's budget before it can pass the resolution.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unrestricted general fund balance until it exceeds the sum of five percent of the budgeted general fund revenues. Until unreserved fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, meet emergency expenditures, and cover unanticipated deficits. When the unreserved fund balance is greater than 18 percent of expected revenues, the excess must be appropriated to capital projects determined to be in the best long-term interest of the City.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

During the year, the general fund budget was increased by \$258,431 under the guidelines described above. The budget adjustments primarily appropriated more funds to the City's Public Safety and Public Works Departments. The increase was funded by greater than anticipated revenues in the general fund.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting according to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental funds. Budgets are not prepared for the agency fund since this fund is comprised only of deposits and performance bonds held by the City. Encumbrance accounting is used by the City.

Each year the capital projects fund adjusted budget is comprised of new appropriations from the current year and unexpended appropriations from the prior year, since unexpended capital projects appropriations do not automatically lapse at year end. Major capital project fund budgets included \$37,188,250 and non-major capital project fund budgets included \$3,551,772 for a total of \$40,740,022 of prior-year unexpended capital projects appropriations. See page 95 for additional detail.

The adjusted capital projects fund budget represents the amount available for expenditures in the current year. Future projects and appropriations that are to come from funds available in future years are not reflected in the current year budget.

7. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

In fiscal year 2006, the City adopted new accounting standards in order to conform to the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements: Statement No. 46, Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation, and Statement No. 47, Accounting for Termination Benefits. These Statements had no effect on the financial statements.

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the basic financial statements as "cash, cash equivalents and investments". Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased meet this definition. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated on an accounting period basis to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related fund.

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

The following is a summary of cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2006:

	Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets		Fund Financials		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Fiduciary Fund Statement of Net Assets	Total
Held by city-unrestricted Held by city-restricted Total held by city	\$ 54,666,171 3,615,314 \$ 58,281,485	\$ 9,321,272 2,037,273 \$ 11,358,545	\$ 63,987,443 5,652,587 \$ 69,640,030	\$ 1,830,127 \$ 1,830,127	\$ 65,817,570 5,652,587 \$ 71,470,157
Held by fiscal agent	\$ 10,166,911	\$ 6,695,077	\$ 16,861,988	<u>\$</u>	\$ 16,861,988

As of June 30, 2006 the City had the following deposits and investments:

Hel	d	bv	city:

Investments	<u>Maturities</u>	Fair Value
Repurchase agreements	July, 2006	\$ 1,649,450
State investment pool	55 days average	56, 406,778
Securities of U.S. Govt. ager		
FNMA	Aug. 11, 2006	996 ,60 0
FHLMC	Feb. 23, 2007	1,989,800
FHLB	April 12, 2007	1,981,20 0
FHL B	April 27, 2007	1,975,400
FHLB	Sept. 28, 2007	1,986,200
FNMA	Jan. 18, 2008	1,981,800
FHL M C	Jan. 28, 2008	2,478,000
FHLMC	Feb. 27, 2008	991,100
Total investments	·	72,436,328
Deposits		
Cash deposits-net of		
outstanding checks	N/A	(972,041)
Cash on hand	N /A	5,870
Total cash, cash equivalent	\$71,470,157	

<u>Deposits</u> – State law requires that City deposits be deposited with a "qualified depository" as defined by the Utah Money Management Act (UMMA). "Qualified depository" includes any depository institution that has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements as defined in Rule 11 of the Utah Money Management Act. Rule 11 establishes the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and defines capital requirements which an institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds.

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and deposits are: (1) Uncollateralized, (2) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or (3) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the depositor-government's name. As of June 30, 2006 the City's deposits had a carrying value of (\$972,041) and a bank balance of \$25 which is covered by federal depository insurance. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, Utah State Law does not require deposits to be insured or collateralized.

<u>Investments</u> –The City's investment policies are also governed by the UMMA. The UMMA mandates that investment transactions be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Custodial Credit Risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either: (1) The counterparty or (2) The counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the government's name. Repurchase agreements with a qualified depository in the amount of \$1,649,450, which is the fair value at June 30, 2006, are supported by a safekeeping receipt issued by a qualified depository but the securities are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the City. For other investments in U.S. Government agencies of \$14,380,100 at June 30, 2006, the City uses a qualified depository bank for safekeeping securities for the purpose of settling investment transactions, safekeeping, and collecting those investments. These investments are held by the investment's counterparty, not in the name of the City but are supported by a safekeeping receipt issued by City's bank. The City does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's investment policy limits the term of investments to a maximum maturity that shall not exceed five years in order to manage its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The investment policy also specifies that the City's investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy, in compliance with the UMMA limits investments to the following: (1) Negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories (see definition of qualified depository under "deposits" above). (2) Repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers only if these securities are delivered to the custody of the City Treasurer or the City's safekeeping bank or are conducted with a qualified depository. (3) Commercial paper which is rated P-1 by Moody's Investor Services or A-1 by Standard and Poors, Inc., having a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less. (4) Bankers' acceptances that are eligible for discount at a federal reserve bank and which have a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less. (5) Obligations of the United States Treasury, including Treasury Bills, Treasury Notes, and United

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

States Treasury Bonds. (6) Obligations other than mortgage pools and other mortgage derivative products issued by or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the following agencies of the United States in which a market is made by a primary reporting government securities dealer: Federal Farm Credit Banks, Federal Home Loan Banks, Federal National Mortgage Association, Student Loan Marketing Association, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Agriculture Mortgage Corporation, and the Tennessee Valley Authority. (7) The Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool. (8) Tax anticipation and general obligation bonds of the state or a county, an incorporated city or town, a school district or other subdivision of the State of Utah. The U.S. Government Agency securities owned by the City are rated AAA or equivalent by at least two nationally recognized statistical rating agencies. The Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool is not rated. The fair value of the position of the Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. All investments of the Utah State Treasurer's Investment Pool must comply with the UMMA and Rules of the State Money Management Council. The Pool invests primarily in money market securities including time certificates of deposit and top-rated domestic commercial paper. No more than 5.0 percent of the pool may be invested with a single issuer. Investment activity of the State Treasurer is reviewed monthly by the Utah Money Management Council and is audited by the Utah State Auditor. Pool deposits are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy authorizes investments to be made in accordance with the UMMA and further specifies that with the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50 percent of the City's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type. None of the City's investments exceed this limit. More than 5 percent of the City's investments are in FHLB, this investment is 8.2 percent of total investments.

NOTE C - NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable of the governmental fund types at June 30, 2006 include various affordable housing and employee housing assistance loans with interest rates ranging from 5.00% to 8.00%. The following is a schedule of future principal and interest payments required under the terms of the notes receivable as of June 30, 2006:

Fiscal year ending	Principal		Interest		Total	
2007	· ·	72,491 \$	63,090	\$	435,581	
2008		1 6,66 0	49,301		65,961	
2009		12,720	48,505		61,225	
2010		13,856	48,736		62,592	
2011		16,605	50, 50 6		67, 111	
2012 and thereafter	1,1	<u>94,084</u>	761,422		1,955,506	
Total	\$1,6	26,4 16 \$	1,021,560	<u>\$</u>	2,647,976	

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

		Balance				Balance
		July 1, 2005	Additions	_	Deletions	June 30, 2006
Governmental activities:		•				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and water rights	\$	63,227,992 \$	645 ,763	\$	(5,000) \$	63,868,755
Construction in progress		3, 575, 447	1,157,480		(3,004,586)	1,728,341
Art		209,345	72,492	_	-	281,837
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		67,012,784	1,875,735	_	(3,009,586)	65,878,933
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings		7, 693, 776	12,273,149		-	19, 966,9 2 5
Improvements other than building		14,876,021	389,625		(3,100)	15,262,546
Vehicles and equipment		7 ,282, 998	720,656		(475,728)	7,527,926
Infrastructure		80,658,921	3,690,102			84,349,023
Total capital assets, being depreciated		110,511,716	17,073,532		(478,828)	127,106,420
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_		
Buildings		(3,032,568)	(439,402)		-	(3,471,970)
Improvements other than building		(10,327,241)	(553,364)		3,100	(10,877,505)
Vehicles and equipment		(5,762,978)	(529,087)		449,508	(5,842,557)
Infrastructure		(52,700,146)	(3,169,795)		· <u>-</u>	(55,869,941)
Total accumulated depreciation		(71,822,933)	(4,691,648)	_	452,608	(76,061,973)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		38,688,783	12,381,884		(26,220)	51,044,447
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	105,701,567 \$	14,257,619	\$ -	(3,035,806) \$	116,923,380
• ,	,			=		
Business-type activities:						
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land and water rights	\$	6,917,154 \$	_	\$	- \$	6,917,154
Construction in progress		4,109,639	1,052,721		(1,986,873)	3,175,487
Art		109,214			-	109,214
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		11,136,007	1,052,721	_	(1,986,873)	10,201,855
Capital assets, being depreciated:		·		_		
Buildings		6, 595, 315	95,652		_	6,690,967
Improvements other than building		3 5,855,3 70	3,090,555		_	38,945,925
Vehicles and equipment		9,730,124	11 6,2 61		(267,383)	9,579,002
Total capital assets, being depreciated	•	52,180,809	3,302,468	-	(267,383)	55,215,894
Less accumulated depreciation for:		<u> </u>		_	(201,000)	55,210,05
Buildings		(1,968,856)	(276,201)		_	(2,245,057)
Improvements other than building		(15,709,901)	(1,336,513)		_	(17,046,414)
Vehicles and equipment		(5,577,084)	(554,264)		229,864	(5,9 01,4 84)
Total accumulated depreciation	•	(23,255,841)	(2,166,978)	-	229,864	(25,192,955)
- ·	•			-		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		28,924,968	1,135,490	-	(37,519)	30,022,939
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$:	40,060,975 \$	2,188,211	\$ =	(2,024,392) \$	40,224,794

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions for the year ended June 30, 2006 as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$	539,121
Public safety		77,489
Public works		3,772,289
Library and recreation		302,675
Depreciation on internal service fund capital assets		74
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$_	4, 691, 64 8
Dunings days a satisfation.	_	
Business-type activities:		
Water	\$	1,140,969
Transportation and parking		860,844
Golf course		165,165
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$_	2,166,978

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2006:

	Beginning Balance uly 1, 2005	Additions		Reductions		Bond Amorti- zation		Ending Balance June 30, 2006		Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:											
Contract payable:											
Total contract payable	\$ 731,543	\$		\$	(45, 134)	\$		\$	686,409	\$	48,520
General obligation bonds:											
1999 series	2,770,000		-		(250,000)		-		2,520,000		260,000
2000 series	4,285,000		-		(340,000)		-		3,945,000		360,000
2003 series	4,405,000		-		(280,000)		-		4,125 ,00 0		285,000
2004 series-principal	8,455,000		-		(475,000)		-		7,980,000		490,000
2004 series-premium	109,111		-		-		(7,882)		101,229		
Total general obligation bonds	 20,024,111	_	-		(1,345,000)	_	(7,882)		18,671,229		1,395,000
Revenue bonds:											
Redevelopment Agency - Main St.											
2001A series	215,000		-		(215,000)		-		•		-
2001B series	670,0 00		-		(670,000)		-		-		-
Redevelopment Agency - Lower Pk.											
1998 series	4,735,000		-		(415,000)		-		4,320,000		390,000
Sales tax revenue bonds											
2005A series-principal	15,500,000		-		(600,000)		-		14,900,000		1,155,000
2005A series-premium	25,1 53		-		_		(1,575)		23,578		-
2005B refunding-principal	4,500,000		-		(530,000)		-		3,970,000		715,000
2005B refunding-premium	31,437		_				(4,514)		26,923		
Total revenue bonds	25,6 76, 590	_			(2,430,000)		(6,089)	_	23,240,501		2,260,000
Compensated absences	 355,193		461,7 70		(400,546)			_	416,417		246,707
Total governmental activities	\$ 46,787,437	\$	461,770	\$	(4,220,680)	\$	(13,971)	\$	43,014,556	\$	3,950,227
Business-type activities:											
2002 water revenue refunding	\$ 7,428,000	\$	-	\$	(503,000)	\$	-	\$	6,925,000	\$	519,000
2006 water revenue	-		4,4 50,0 00		-		-		4,450,000		-
Note payable-golf carts	90,922		-		(32,522)		-		58,400		58,400
Compensated absences	84,907		117,004		(96,562)		- _		105,349		46,531
Total business-type activities	\$ 7,603,829	\$	4,5 67,0 04	\$	(632,084)	\$		\$	11,538,749	\$	577,400

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end \$29,340 of internal service fund compensated absences are included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

General Obligation Bonds

In August, 1999 the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 1999 in the amount of \$4,085,000 pursuant to a special bond election held on November 3, 1998. In November, 2000 the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000 in the amount of \$5,915,000 pursuant to a special bond election held on November 3, 1998. In September, 2003 the City issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2003 in the amount of \$5,000,000 plus a premium in the amount of \$24,109 pursuant to a special bond election held on November 5, 2002. The proceeds of all three of the bonds were used to acquire and forever preserve undeveloped park and recreational land. On July 22, 2004 Park City Municipal Corporation issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004 in the amount of \$9,000,000 plus a premium of \$116,518. Proceeds of the bonds are for two distinct projects and were authorized by two separate ballot propositions. Pursuant to a special bond election held on November 5, 2002, approximately \$5 million of the bond proceeds will be used to acquire and preserve undeveloped park and recreational land. Pursuant to a special bond election held on November 6, 2001, approximately \$4 million of the bond proceeds were used to construct an ice facility and make park improvements. Repayments are made from property tax revenues recorded in the Park City General Obligation Debt Service Fund. The debt service requirements for the bonds at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Series 2000
Dated Nov. 15, 2000,
\$5,915,000 @ 4.75% to 5.25%
per annum paid semi-
annually (Nov. & May)

Series 1999
Dated Aug. 15, 1999,
\$4,085,000 @ 4.5% to 5.25%
per annum paid semiannually (Nov. & May)

Fiscal Year Ending	•	annuuny (140	v. Q.	, iii y ,		muuny (1101		
June 30,	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	TEREST	PF	RINCIPAL	IN	TEREST
2007	\$	360,000	\$	195,800	\$	260,000	\$	126,712
2008		375,000		177, 80 0		275,000		113,063
2009		395,000		159, 05 0		290,000		98,625
2010		415,000		140, 287		305,000		84,125
2011		435,000		120,367		320,000		69,180
2012		455,000		99,052		340,000		53,500
2013		480,000		76,530		360,000		36,500
2014		500,000		52, 53 0		370 ,000		18,500
2015		530,000		27,030		-		-
Total	\$	3,945,000	\$	1,048,446	\$	2, 520 ,000	\$	600,205

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

General Obligation Bonds, Continued

Series 2004
Dated July 22, 2004,
\$9,000,000 @ 3.125% to 4.20%
per annum paid semiannually (Nov. & May)

Series 2003
Dated Sept. 23, 2003,
\$5,000,000 @ 2.00% to 4.05%
per annum paid semiannually (Nov. & May)

Year Ending June 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST		
2007	\$ 490,000	\$ 3 04,6 58	\$ 285,000	\$ 14 5,87 5		
2008	510,000	28 9,3 46	295,000	138,750		
200 9	525,000	2 72,7 71	300,000	13 1,37 5		
20 10	540,000	255,7 08	310,000	121,475		
2011	560,000	236,809	325,000	110,625		
2012	580,000	216,649	335,000	9 8,92 5		
201 3	605,000	1 93,44 9	345,000	8 6,86 5		
2014	630,000	16 9,2 49	360,000	74,44 5		
201 5	655,000	1 44,0 49	370,000	61,30 5		
2016	680,000	11 7,8 49	385,000	47,430		
2017	705,000	90,6 49	400,000	32,608		
2018	735,000	62,4 49	415,000	16,808		
2019	765,000	32,13 0	-	-		
Total	7,980,000	2,38 5,7 65	4,125,000	1,066,486		
Plus unamortized						
premium	101,229			<u> </u>		
Total	\$ 8,081,229	\$ 2,38 5,7 65	\$ 4,125,000	\$ 1,066,486		

Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Funds and Bonds

The City maintains capital project funds for the Main Street Redevelopment Agency and the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 the tax increment collected by the Main Street Redevelopment Agency was \$1,300,000 and the tax increment collected by the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency was \$2,227,898. The tax increment paid to another taxing agency by the Main Street Redevelopment Agency and by the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency was \$395,602 and \$703,129, respectively.

During the fiscal year, the Main Street Redevelopment Agency expended \$3,571 for site improvements and incurred \$30,000 in administrative costs. The Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency expended \$527,285 for site improvements and incurred \$30,000 in administrative costs.

Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency

In November, 1998 the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency of Park City issued Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 in the amount of \$7,000,000 to finance the cost of certain land and property acquired by the RDA, as well as infrastructure improvements, including curb and gutter, street paving, landscaping and other costs relating to transportation, communications and recreation facilities. Repayments are made from incremental property taxes recorded in the Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

The outstanding principal amount and debt service requirements of debt issued to finance the costs associated with the Lower Park Avenue RDA projects at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

RDA Tax Increment Revenue

Fiscal Year Ending	Bonds, dated Nov. 1, 1998, \$7,000,000 due June 15, 4.0% to 5.125% paid annually					
June 30,	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST			
2007	\$ 390,000	\$	201,462			
2008	405,000		184, 888			
2009	425,000		167, 472			
2010	445,000		148, 879			
2011	465,000		129, 299			
2012	400,000		108,374			
2013	415,000		89, 974			
2014	435,000		70, 469			
2015	460,000		48, 175			
2016	480,000		24,600			
Total	\$ 4,320,000	\$	1,173,592			

Main Street Redevelopment Agency

In November, 2001 the Main Street Redevelopment Agency of Park City issued Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001A in the amount of \$800,000 and Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001B in the amount of \$2,580,000. The bond proceeds were used to refund \$980,000 of Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1997A and \$2,380,000 of Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1997B. New money in the amount of \$114,304 was received from the 2001B Series Bonds. Repayments were made from incremental property taxes recorded in the Main Street RDA Capital Projects Fund. The bond principal was completely paid as of December, 2005.

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

Other Debt

On December 30, 1996 the City purchased open space property for \$1,095,908. The City executed a contract payable to the seller for this amount with interest at 7.50 percent per annum, payable \$100,000 per year on December 15. The debt service requirements for the contract payable at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,		PRINCIPAL		INTEREST				
2007	\$	48,520	\$ -	51,480				
2008		52 ,158		47,84 2				
2009		56,070		43,930				
2010		60,276		39,724				
2011		64 ,79 6		3 5,20 4				
201 2		69 ,656		30,344				
2013		74 ,88 0		2 5,12 0				
2014		80 ,496		19,504				
2015		86,533		13,467				
2016		93,024		6,976				
Total	\$_	686,409	\$ =	313,591				

Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

On December 30, 2002 the City issued \$9,000,000 in Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds Series 2002. The bond proceeds were used to refund \$1,285,000 of outstanding Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1994 and \$1,663,605 of Subordinated Water Revenue Bonds Series 1991. New money in the amount of \$5,567,783 was received to finance the construction of water treatment facilities. The bonds bear interest at 2.1 percent to 4.05 percent paid semiannually. The bonds incurred bond issue costs of \$108,250 which were recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond on a straight line basis. Repayments on the debt are made from the net revenues of the Water Fund. The debt service requirements for the water refunding bonds at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending

June 30,	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST
2007	\$ 519,000	\$	270,809
2008	537,000		253, 059
2009	5 56,000		233,996
2010	577,000		213, 424
2011	5 99,0 00		19 1,209
2012	623,000		167 ,549
2013	648,000		142,317
2014	674,000		116,073
2015	702,000		88,776
2016	730,000		60,345
2017	760,000	_	30,780
Total	\$ 6,925,000	\$	1,768,337

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

Water Revenue Bonds

On March 30, 2006 the City issued \$4,450,000 in Water Revenue Bonds Series 2006 to finance the construction of water system infrastructure. The bonds bear interest at 3.50 percent paid annually. The bonds incurred bond issue costs of \$50,115 which were recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the bond on a straight line basis. Repayments on the debt are made from the net revenues of the Water Fund. The debt service requirements for these bonds at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

Fi	scal	Year	End	ling
----	------	------	-----	------

June 30,	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2007	\$ - :	\$ -
2008	157,000	155, 750
2009	163,000	150,255
2010	169,000	144,550
2011	174,000	138,6 35
2012	181,000	132,545
2013	187,000	126,2 10
2014	193,000	119,665
2015	200,000	112,910
2016	207,000	105,9 10
2017	214,000	98,6 65
2018	222,000	91, 175
2019	230,000	83, 405
2020	238,000	75, 355
20 21	246,000	67, 025
2022	255,000	58,415
2023	264,000	49, 490
2024	273,000	40 ,250
2025	282,000	30,6 95
2026	292,000	20,8 25
2027	303,000	10,605
Total	\$ 4,450,000	\$ 1,812,335

Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

On May 9, 2005 the City issued Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2005A in the amount of \$15,500,000 plus a premium of \$25,377 and Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B in the amount of \$4,500,000 plus a premium of \$32,080. The proceeds from the sale of the Series 2005A Bonds will be used for the purpose of financing the cost associated with the acquisition, construction, and equipping of a public safety building, recreation complex, parking structure expansion and improvements, park improvements, road improvements and other Cityowned capital improvements and paying the costs of issuance of the Series 2005 Bonds. The proceeds form the Series 2005B Bonds were used to refund the MBA Series 1996 and 1999 Revenue Bonds. The Series 2005 Bonds are special limited obligations of the City, payable solely from and secured solely by a pledge of revenues from (1) 100 percent of the revenues received by the City from the local sales and use tax levied by the City pursuant to the Utah Local Sales and Use Tax Act, Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 2, Utah Code and (ii) 75 percent of the revenues received by the City from the resort communities tax levied by the City pursuant to Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 4 of the Utah Code. The Series 2005 Bonds do not constitute a pledge of the ad valorem taxing power or the full faith and credit of the City. The debt service requirements for the bonds at June 30, 2006 were as follows:

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

		Series 2005A, \$15,500,000			Series 2005B, \$4,500,000						
Fiscal		@ 3.25% - 5.00% paid				@ 3.00% -)% paid				
Year Ending		semi	anr	nually	lly semiannual			ıally			
June 30,		PRINCIPAL		INTEREST		PRINCIPAL		INTEREST			
2007	\$	1,155,000	\$	580 ,588	\$	715,0 00	\$	142,062			
2008		1, 195,0 00		543 ,050		7 40,0 00		120,61 3			
2009		1,235,000		501 ,225		595,0 00		92, 862			
2010		780,000		454,912		620,0 00		70, 550			
2011		805,000		427,612		640,0 00		50, 400			
2012		835,000		399,438		660,0 00		26,4 00			
2013		865,000		370,212		-		-			
2014		900,000		335 ,612		-		-			
2015		935,000		299 ,612		-		-			
2016		985,000		252 ,862		-		-			
2017		1,020,000		213 ,463		-		-			
2018		1,060,000		172 ,663		: -		-			
2019		1,105,000		130 ,263		-					
2020		1 ,150,0 00		86 ,063		-		-			
2021		875,000		37 ,188		-		•			
Total	•	14,900,000		4,804,763		3,970,000		502,887			
Plus unamortized											
premium		23,578		-		26,9 23		•			
Total	\$	14,923,578	\$	4,804,763	\$	3,996,923	\$	502,887			

Prior Year's Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the City defeased certain debt issues by placing the proceeds of new debt in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the City's financial statements. As of June 30, 2006 the outstanding balance of the defeased bonds was \$4,295,000.

The City has complied with all revenue bond covenants.

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

Note Payable

The golf course has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of golf carts costing \$216,008. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date in the golf fund. The lease has an interest rate of 5.6%. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2006 were as follows:

	Capital Lease
Year ending June 30:	
2007	\$ 61,756
Total future minimum lease payments	61,756
Less amount representing interest at 5.6%	(3,356)
Total principal	58,400
Less current portion	(58,400)
Long-term portion	\$ -

NOTE E - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS, Continued

The annual requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2006 by activity are as follows:

			Go	vernmental Activi	itie		_	
Year ending June 30,	. –	Contracts Payable		General Obligation Bonds	n —	Revenue Bonds		Business-Type Activities
Principal								
2007	\$	48,520	\$	1,395,000	\$	2,260,000	\$	577,400
20 08		52, 158		1,455,000		2,340,000		69 4,0 00
20 09		56, 070		1,510,000		2,255,000		71 9,0 00
2010		60,276		1,57 0,00 0		1,845,000		74 6,0 00
2011		64,796		1,64 0,00 0		1 ,91 0,000		77 3,0 00
2012-2016		4 0 4,589		7,980,00 0		7,370,000		4,34 5,0 00
2017-2021		-		3,020,000		5,210,000		1 ,910,000
2022-2026		-		-		-		1,3 66,0 00
2027	_	_			_			303,000
Total		686,409		18,570,000		23,190,000		11,433,400
Plus unamortized								
premium	_			101,229	_	50,501		
Total	\$_	686,409	\$	18,671,229	\$=	23,240,501	\$	11,433,400
Interest								
20 07	\$	51,480	\$	77 3,04 5	\$	924,112	\$	274,165
2008		47, 842		71 8,9 59		848,551		408,809
2009		43,930		661,821		761,559		384,251
2010		39,724		601 ,59 5		674,341		35 7,9 74
2011		35,204		53 6,98 1		60 7,311		3 29,8 44
2012-2016		95,411		1,573,857		2,025,728		1,17 2,3 00
2017-2021		-		234,644		639,640		446,405
2022-2026		-		-		-		199,675
2027	_			-				10,605
Total	\$_	313,591	_ \$_	5,100,902	\$_	6,481,242	\$	3,584,028

NOTE F - RETIREMENT PLANS

Pension Plans

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (the Systems). The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (the Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, and Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy - Plan members in the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System are required to contribute 6.00 percent of their annual covered salary (all paid by the employer for the employee) and the City is required to contribute 7.08 percent of their annual covered salary. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, the City is required to contribute 11.09 percent of their annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage contributory division members are required to contribute 12.29 percent of their salary (all paid by the employer for the employee) and the City is required to contribute 7.95 percent of their annual salary and 19.34 percent of their annual covered salary for members in the non-contributory division. The contribution rates are the actuarially determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

The City's contributions to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$159,726, \$167,999, and \$163,459, respectively, and for the Noncontributory Retirement System the contributions for June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$501,765, \$435,816, and \$366,187, respectively, and for the Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage the contributions for June 30, 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$224,041, \$194,919, and \$168,509, respectively. Actual contributions for the past three years equaled the required contributions.

NOTE G - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

Section 401(a) defined contribution money purchase plan

The City sponsors a defined contribution plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) for all full-time City employees not covered by the Public Safety Retirement System for employers with Social Security coverage.

The ICMA Retirement Corporation administers this plan. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 was \$11,647,273. Of that amount, \$6,885,423 was eligible to participate in this plan. The City participated at a rate of .5 percent, under City resolution for the year ended June 30, 2006 for employees covered by the State Contributory System retirement plan, 2.17 percent for employees covered by the state Noncontributory System retirement plan, and 13.26 percent under State Statue for a limited number of employees that are exempt from the state plan. During the year ended June 30, 2006 contributions totaling \$234,892 or 3.41 percent of covered payroll were made by the City. Employer contributions are fully vested in one year. All contributions were made by the due dates. The 401(a) defined contribution monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. Therefore, no assets or liabilities of the 401(a) defined contribution plan are reflected in the financial statements.

Section 457 deferred compensation plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Employees are eligible to voluntarily participate from the date of employment and are vested immediately upon participating. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006 was \$11,647,273. The City's covered payroll eligible for this plan totaled \$6,885,423 for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City participates in employer benefits of \$150 per month for those employees who have chosen single health insurance coverage and match the employees' voluntary contribution amount at fifty cents on the dollar to a maximum contribution of \$900. Contributions totaling \$223,419 or 3.24 percent of covered payroll were made by the City and voluntary contributions totaling \$446,930 or 6.49 percent of covered payroll were made by employees. All contributions were made by the due dates.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries, except that expenses and taxes may be paid from the Trust. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the City in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Investments are managed by the plan's administrator under one of seven investment options, or a combination thereof. The choice of the investment option(s) is made by the participants. All of the assets and income of the 457 Plan are held in investment fund trusts by ICMA for the exclusive benefit of the participants or their beneficiaries rather than as assets of the employer. As ICMA is the fiduciary of these assets, the City is no longer required to report the assets.

<u>Loans or notes between the City and the defined contribution plans</u> - There are no securities, loans or notes of the City included in the plans assets.

NOTE H - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City Attorney estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

Commitments for major construction and capital improvement projects at June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Capital Projects Fund

\$2,832,584

Enterprise Fund

\$6,797,521

NOTE I- INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES

Intergovernmental revenues were received by governmental fund types for the year ended June 30, 2006. They consist of the following:

State of Utah Class "C" road allotments	\$ 345,074
State contribution	48,862
County contribution	482,922
Federal contribution	56,697
Total	\$ 933,555

NOTE J - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

Due to cash flow needs of the Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds Debt Service Fund, the sum of \$6,232,622 was advanced from the Capital Improvements Fund at June 30, 2006. This amount was repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year as cash became available. The advance carries no interest and has no specific repayment terms.

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 1989, the City established a Self Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. Under this program, the Self Insurance Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$50,000 per each occurrence for general liability, errors and omissions, and auto. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Self Insurance Fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Liabilities are recorded for any claim or judgment when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities are as follows:

Unpaid claims as of June 30, 2004	\$ -
Incurred claims	136,196
Claim payments	(136,196)
Unpaid claims as of June 30, 2005	-
Incurred claims	64,699
Claim payments	(64,699)
Unpaid claims as of June 30, 2006	\$ -

NOTE L - BUDGET RECONCILIATION

A reconciliation of the original 2005-2006 budget, to the final legally adopted budget for all governmental fund types net of transfers approved in June 2006 is as follows:

	_	Original Budget	_	Increase (Decrease)	 Budget as Revised
General Fund: Revenues Expenditures	\$	17,852,400 17, 97 5,216	\$	3,190,935 258,431	\$ 21,043,335 18 ,2 33,647
Debt Service Funds: Revenues Expenditures	\$	2,211,909 5,710,355	\$	20 0,0 00 12,000	\$ 2,4 11,9 09 5,722,355
Capital Projects Funds: Revenues Expenditures	\$ -	4,574,743 20, 82 8,466	\$	969,216 39,093,733	\$ 5,543,959 59,922,199

NOTE M - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Fund Financial Statements

Transfers were made to and from several funds during the course of the year ended June 30, 2006. An interfund transfer is a legally authorized transfer between funds in which one fund is responsible for the initial receipt of funds and another fund is responsible for the actual disbursement. The more significant examples include the transfer of \$628,302 from the capital improvement fund to the sales tax revenue bond debt service fund to support principal and interest payments on debt and \$14,867,667 from the sales tax revenue bonds debt service fund to the capital improvement fund to fund current construction projects. The general fund also transferred \$6.5 million to the capital improvements fund for future construction projects and \$700,000 to the equipment replacement capital projects fund for future replacement of rolling stock and computer equipment. Transfers to general fund were comprised of: \$30,000 received from the Lower Park Avenue RDA capital projects fund, \$30,000 received from the Main Street RDA capital projects fund, \$81,999 from the MBA debt service fund, \$654,629 from the water fund, \$634,730 from the transportation and parking fund and \$101,085 from the golf fund for administrative expenses. Listed below are interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2006:

				Trans	sfers	in to:						
		G	over	nmental Activ	ities					Business- Type Activities		
	_			Major Funds			,					
•	G	Seneral Fund	1	Capital improvement Fund		Sales Tax Revenue & funding - DSF	No	nmajor Funds	G	olf Course Fund		Total
Transfers out from:									_		_	
Governmental activities												
Major funds:												
General fund	\$	-	\$	6,509,487	\$	190,164	\$	700, 000	\$	25,000	\$	7,424,651
Captial Improvement Fund		-		-		628,302		-		· -		628,302
Dsf sales tax revenue bonds		-		14,867,667		-		-		_		14,867,667
Debt service fund g.o. bonds		-		269,058				•		_		269,058
RDA cip - park ave Nonmajor funds:		30,000		-		-		640,000		-		670,000
Other funds		111,999		-		441,631		650,000		-		1,203,630
Business-type activities								-				
Water fund		654,629		-		492,917				_		1,147,546
Transport. & parking		634,730		-		270,637		-		-		905,367
Golf course fund		101,085				-		-		-		101,085
Total	\$	1,532,443	\$	21,646,212	\$	2,023,651	\$	1,990,000	5	25,000	\$	27,217,306

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Per GASB Statement No. 34, all interfund transfers within governmental activities and business-type activities are eliminated. Transfers between governmental and business-type activities are shown on the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets and eliminated in the total column.

NOTE N - TAXES

Before June 15 of each year, the City sets the property tax rate for various municipal purposes. If the City intends to increase property tax revenues above the tax rate of the previous year, state law requires the City to provide public notice to property owners and hold public hearings. All property taxes levied by the City are assessed and collected by Summit and Wasatch Counties. Property taxes are levied on January 1 on real property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are due November 30 and delinquent taxes are subject to a penalty. Unless the delinquent taxes and penalties are paid before January 15 of the following year, a lien is attached to the property and the amount of taxes and penalties bear interest from January 1 until paid. If after five years delinquent taxes have not been paid, the County sells the property at a tax sale. Tax collections are remitted to the City from the County on a monthly basis.

Sales and resort taxes are collected by the State Tax Commission and remitted to the City monthly. Franchise taxes are collected by the telephone, natural gas, electric utilities, cable television and sewer companies and remitted to the City periodically.

NOTE O - UNEARNED REVENUE

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The following is the unearned revenue at June 30, 2006.

•	Gover	nmental Activities
Property tax levied - not yet collected	\$	11,842,158
Land/building held for resale		763,038
Total	\$	12 ,60 5,196

Fund Financial Statements

At June 30, 2006, the following unearned revenues were recorded in the fund financial statements because the funds were not available to finance expenditures of the current period.

		General		ebt Service - Park City General Obligation		Capital Projects - Capital nprovement Fund	i	oital Projects - Lower Park Avenue development Agency	G	Other overnmental Funds	 Total
Mortgage assistance loans to employees Property tax levied-not yet collected Land/building held for resale Total	\$ \$	11,444 6,261,214 - 6,272,658	\$ \$	2,053,046 - 2,053,046	\$ <u>-</u>	1,614,972 - 763,038 2,378,010	\$ <u>\$</u>	2,227,898 - 2,227,898	\$	1,300,000 - 1,300,000	\$ 1,626,416 11,842,158 763,038 14,231,612

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL

FUNDS

Main Street Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of money for the repayment of the 2001 A and B tax increment refunding bonds. The principal source of revenue is property tax increment from the redevelopment area.

Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund – Accounts for the accumulation of money for the repayment of the 1998 series tax increment revenue bonds and a contract payable. The principal source of revenue is property tax increment from the redevelopment area.

Municipal Building Authority Debt Service Fund - Accounted for the accumulation of money for the repayment of the 1996 and 1999 series revenue bonds which were refunded in FY 2005.

Main Street Redevelopment Agency Capital Projects Fund - Accounts for capital projects in the Main Street Redevelopment area.

Municipal Building Authority - The Municipal Building Authority is a legally separate organization that is a mechanism for financing needed City facilities. The Authority acquires and/or builds facilities by borrowing money secured by a lease agreement between the City and the Authority.

Housing Authority Capital Projects Fund - The Housing Authority is a legally separate organization that is controlled and administered by the City.

Equipment Replacement Capital Projects Fund - Accounts for the accumulation of resources for the future replacement of fixed assets such as computers, vehicles and heavy equipment.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2006

	Main Street			ver Park Ave.	
		evelopment	Re	development	Total
A CONTINU		Agency		Agency	- I Otal
ASSETS	ď	112,581	\$	58,800	\$171,381
Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city	\$	112,361	Ф	2,145,779	2,145,779
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent		-		2,143,113	2,143,773
Receivables					
Taxes		-		-	-
Accounts		112 501	•	2 204 570	\$ 2,317,160
Total assets		112,581	\$	2,204,579	\$ 2,317,100
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities					
Deposits	\$	-	\$	400,000	\$ 400,000
Deferred revenue				<u>-</u>	
Total liabilities				400,000	400,000
Fund balances					
Reserved for:					
Capital projects		-		1,061,227	1,061, 22 7
Debt service		-		684,552	684,552
Unreserved, designated for, reported in:					
Capital projects		-	÷	-	-
Debt service				58,800	58 ,80 0
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:					
Capital projects		-		-	-
Debt service		112,581			112,581
Total fund balances		112,581		1,804,579	1,917,160
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	112,581	\$	2,204,579	\$ 2,317,160

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

		Capita	l Projects Fun	ıds				
Main Street Redevelopment Agency	Main Street Municipal Redevelopment Building		Housing Authority	Equipment Replacement CIP	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental		
\$ 1,155,451	\$ 1,345,891	\$	63,706	\$ 2,819,217	\$ 5,384,265	\$ 5,555,646		
-	-	•	-	-	-	2,145,779		
1,300,000	_		_	_	1,300,000	1,300,000		
3,442	6,222		-	14,762		24,426		
\$ 2,458,893	\$ 1,352,113	\$	63,706	\$ 2,833,979		\$ 9,025,851		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400 ,000		
1,300,000			-		1,300,000	1,300,000		
1,300,000			_	-	1,300,000	1,700,000		
-	-		-	-	-	1,061,227		
-	-		-	-	-	684,552		
917,555	520		8,038	2,625,659	3,551,772	2 551 772		
-	-		-	2,023,039	3,331,772	3,551,772 58,800		
						30,000		
241,338	1,351,593		55,668	208,320	1,856,919	1,856,919		
1150.000					<u> </u>	112,581		
1,158,893	1,352,113		63,706	2,833,979	5,408,691	7,325,851		
\$ 2,458,893	\$ 1,352,113	\$	63,706	\$ 2,833,979	\$ 6,708,691	\$ 9.025.851		

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Debt Service Funds								
	Main Street Redevelop- ment Agency	Lower Park Ave. Redevelopment Agency	Municipal Building Authority	Total					
Revenues			A	Φ.					
Taxes and special assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Investment income	714	72,489	5	73,208					
Rental and other miscellaneous		72.490		73,208					
Total revenues	714	72,489		/3,208					
Expenditures									
Capital outlay	-	-		-					
Debt service				1 200 000					
Principal retirement	885,000	415,000	-	1,300,000					
Interest	14,071	220,745		234,816					
Total expenditures	899,071	635,745	-	1,534,816					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	(898,357)	(563,256)	5	(1,461,608)					
Other financing sources (uses)			•						
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	650,000°	640 ,00 0	-	1,290,000					
Transfers out			(81,999)	(81,999)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	650,000	640,000	(81,999)	1,208,001					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other									
sources over expenditures and other uses	(248,357)	76 ,74 4	(81,994)	(253,607)					
Fund balances - beginning	360,938	1,727,835_	81,994	2,170,767					
Fund balances - ending	\$ 112,581	\$ 1,804,579	\$ -	\$ 1,917,160					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects Funds

		cupital Frojects	T Unus		•	
Main Street Redevelop- ment Agency	edevelop- Building Ho		Building Housing Replacement			
\$ 1,300,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,300,000	
60,396	49, 557	2,116	3,688	115,757	188,965	
	37,936	<u> </u>	-	37,936	37,936	
1,360,396	87,493	2,116	3,688	1,453,693	1,526,901	
•						
399,173	32,487	-	470,108	901,768	901,768	
-	-	-	-	-	1,300,000	
200 172				_	234,816	
399,173	32,487		470,108	901,768	2,436,584	
961,223	55,006	2,116	(466,420)	551,925	(909,683)	
~	_	_	60,988	60,988	60,988	
_	_	-	700,000	7 00, 000	1,9 90, 000	
(1,121,631)	_	_	-	(1,121,631)	(1,203,630)	
(1,121,631)	-	-	760,988	(360,643)	847,358	
(160,408)	55,006	2,116	294,568	191,282	(62,325)	
1,319,301	1,297,107	61,590	2,539,411	5,217,409	7,388,176	
\$ 1,158,893	\$ 1,352,113	\$ 63,706	\$ 2,833,979	\$ 5,408,691	\$ 7,325,851	

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

•	Budgeted Amounts		A 4 .3	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues - investment income	\$	\$ -	\$ 526,290	\$ 526,290	
Expenditures:					
Debt service		1 120 000	1 120 000	_	
Principal retirement	1,130,000	1,130,000 85 3,855	1,130,000 837,355	(16,500)	
Interest	841,855 1,971,855	1,983,855	1,967,355	(16,500)	
Total expenditures	1,971,033	1,765,055			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,971,855)	(1,983,855)	(1,441,065)	542,790	
Other financing (uses)					
Transfers in	2,023,651	2,023,651	2,023,651	-	
Transfers out	(14,867,667)	(14,867,667)	(14,867,667)		
Total other financing (uses)	(12,844,016)	(12,844,016)	(12,844,016)		
Net change in fund balances	(14,815,871)	(14,827,871)	(14,285,081)	5 42,7 90	
Fund balance - beginning	16, 024, 969	16,073,591	16,073,591		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,209,098	\$ 1,245,720	\$ 1,788,510	\$ 542,790	

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah General Obligation Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Taxes				
General property tax	\$ 2,199,909	\$ 2,1 99,9 09	\$ 2,199,909	\$ -
Delinquent prior years' taxes	1 2,00 0	12,000	12,000	-
Investment income		200,000	212,223	12,223
Total revenues	2,211,909	2,411,909	2,424,132	12,223
Expenditures:				
Debt service				
Principal retirement	1,345,000	1,345,000	1,345,000	-
Interest	845,000	8 45,0 00	825,724	19,276
Total expenditures	2,190,000	2,190,000	2,170,724	19,276
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	21,909	221,909	253,408	31,499
Other financing (uses) - transfers out	-	(269,058)	(269,058)	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	21,909	(47,149)	(15,650)	31,499
Fund balance - beginning	469,055	490,8 79	451,885	(38,994)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 490,964	\$ 443,730	\$ 436,235	\$ (7,495)

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Capital Improvements Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 300,000	\$ 71 5,0 08	\$ 754,541	\$ 39,533
Investment income	-	1 2,54 7	1,265,049	1,252,502
Impact fees	637,456	637,456	1,089,901	452,445
Miscellaneous	105,287	64 6,9 48	764,117	117,169
Total revenues	1,042,743	<u>2,011,959</u>	3,873,608	1,861,649
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	· ·			4004605
Land and building acquisition	111,915	4,921,282	586,587	4,334,695
Street and storm drain				
improvements	1,838,000	3,37 8,3 00	476,824	2, 901, 476
Building renovation and				
construction	7,143,413	2 0,96 2,3 15	8,086,194	12,876,121
Improvements other than building	7,546,522	18,537,515	6,978,995	11,558,520
City parks and cemetery improvements	231,616	3,70 5,8 51	797,606	2,908,245
Equipment	365,000	69 2,6 11	123,789	568,822
Total expenditures	17,236,466	52,197,874	17,049,995	35,147,879
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			(10.15C.00T)	27 000 528
over expenditures	(16,193,723)	(50,185,915)	(13,176,387)	37,009,528
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of assets	111,915	1,128,965	1,021,910	(107,055)
Transfers in	14,877,154	21,646,212	21,646,212	-
Transfers out	(628,302)	(628,302)	(628,302)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	14,360,767	22,146,875	22,039,820	(107,055)
Net change in fund balances	(1,832,956)	(28,039,040)	8,863,433	36,902,473
Fund balance - beginning	10,988,265	36,547,937	36,495,565	(52,372)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 9,155,309	\$ 8,50 8,8 97	\$ 45,358,998	\$ 36,850,101

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			
<u>.</u>	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:				
General property tax	\$ 2, 200 ,000	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,227,898	\$ 27,898
Investment income	-	· <u>-</u>	200,793	200,793
Rental and other miscellaneous	-	_	9,284	9,284
Total revenues	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,437,975	237,975
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay				
Land and building acquisition	200,000	425,806	44,189	381,617
Street and storm drain	,	,	11,100	301,017
improvements	-	65,256	9,650	55,606
Building renovation and		,	,,,,,,	33,000
construction	-	161	_	161
Improvements other than building	1,095,000	2,666,382	1,176,575	1,489,807
City parks and cemetery improvements	100,000	113,180	-	113,180
Total expenditures	1,395,000	3,270,785	1,230,414	2,040,371
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	805,000	(1,070,785)	1,207,561	2,278,346
Other financing (uses) - transfers out	(670,000)	(670,000)	(670,000)	
Net change in fund balances	135,000	(1,740,785)	537,561	2,278,346
Fund balance - beginning	2,687,927	4,661,540	4,6 55,111	(6,429)
Fund balance - ending	\$ 2,822,927	\$ 2,920,755	\$ 5,192,672	\$ 2,271,917
-			\$ 5,152,072	Ψ 4,4/1,71/

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Main Street Redevelopment Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts		_	14T
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues - investment income	\$	\$	\$ 714	\$ 714
Expenditures:				
Debt service Principal retirement Interest Total expenditures	885,000 22,500 907,500	885,000 22,500 907,500	885,000 14,071 899,071	8,429 8,429
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(907,500)	(907,500)	(898,357)	9,143
Other financing sources - transfers in	65 0,0 00	650,000	650,000	
Net change in fund balances	(257,500)	(257,500)	(248,357)	9,143
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	350,996 \$ 93,496	361,652 \$ 104,152	360,938 \$ 112,581	\$ 8,429

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues - investment income	\$ -	_\$ -	\$ 72,489	\$ 72,489
Expenditures: Debt service				
Principal retirement Interest	415, 000 226, 000	415,000 226,000	415,000 220,745	- 5,255
Total expenditures	641,000	641,000	635,745	5,2 55
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(641,000)	(641,000)	(563,256)	77,744
Other financing sources - transfers in	640, 000	640,000	640,000	
Net change in fund balances	(1,000)	(1,000)	76,744	77,744
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	1,694,029 \$ 1,693,029	1,727,836 \$ 1,726,836	1,727,835 \$ 1,804,579	\$ 77,743

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Municipal Building Authority Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts		A4 a l	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues-investment income	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	\$ 5	\$ 5.
Other financing (uses)-transfers out	(32,000)	(81,999)	(81,999)	
Net change in fund balances	(32,000)	(81,999)	(81,994)	5
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	32,727 \$ 727	81,999 \$	81 ,994	\$ -

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Main Street Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			
Revenues:	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
General property tax Investment income Total revenues	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,300,000 60,396	\$ - 60,396
Expenditures: Capital outlay	1,300,000	1,300,000	1,360,396	60,396
Improvements other than building Total expenditures	1,465,000 1,465,000	1,316,728 1,316,728	<u>399,173</u> 399,173	917,555 917,555
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(165,000)	(16,728)	961,223	977,951
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers out	1,000,000		•	-
Total other financing (uses)	(1,121,631) (121,631)	$\frac{(1,121,631)}{(1,121,631)}$	$\frac{(1,121,631)}{(1,121,631)}$	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	(286,631)	(1,138,359)	(160,408)	97 7,951
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	\$ 126,216	1,321,092 \$ 182,733	1,319,301 \$ 1,158,893	(1,791) \$ 976,160

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Municipal Building Authority Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues: Investment income Rental and other miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 32,000 32,000	\$ 32,000 32,000	\$ 49,557 37,936 87,493	\$ 49,557 5,936 55,493	
Expenditures: Capital outlay Land and building acquisition	32,000	32,000	32,000	-	
Building renovation and construction Total expenditures	32,000	1,007 33,007	<u>487</u> 32,487	520 520	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(1,007)	55,006	56,013	
Net change in fund balances	-	(1,007)	55,006	56,013	
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	1,245,356 \$ 1,245,356	1,298,941 \$ 1,297,934	1,297,107 \$ 1,352,113	\$ 54,179	

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Housing Authority Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues - investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,116	\$ 2,116
Expenditures: Capital outlay	·			
Land and building acquisition Total expenditures		8,038 8,038		8,038 8,038
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(8,038)	2,116	10,154
Net change in fund balances	-	(8,038)	2,116	10,154
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	52,291 \$ 52,291	61,583 \$ 53,545	61,590 \$ 63,706	7 \$ 10,161

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Equipment Replacement Capital Improvements Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues - investment income	_\$	<u> </u>	\$ 3,688	\$ 3,688
Expenditures: Capital outlay - equipment Total expenditures	700 ,000 700 ,000	3,095,767 3,095,767	470,108 470,108	2,625,659 2,625,659
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(700,000)	(3,095,767)	(466,420)	2,629,347
Other financing sources Proceeds from sale of assets Transfers in Total other financing sources	700 ,00 0 700 ,00 0	700,000 700,000	60,988 700,000 760,988	60,988
Net change in fund balances	-	(2,395,767)	294,568	2,690,335
Fund balance - beginning Fund balance - ending	131,266 \$ 131,266	2,543,099 \$ 147,332	2,539,411 \$ 2,833,979	(3,688) \$ 2,686,647

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing and operations of services provided to various City departments and other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. Included are:

Fleet Services Fund: Fleet Services Fund accounts for the cost of storage, repair, and maintenance of City-owned vehicles.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-Insurance Fund accounts for the establishment of a self-insurance program.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Combining Statement of Net Assets Internal Service Funds June 30, 2006

	Fleet Services Fund	Self- Insurance Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			e 2.412.027
Cash and cash equivalents held by city	\$ 198,362	\$ 3,214,575	\$ 3,412,937 28,260
Accounts receivable	24,450	3,810	1 62, 378
Inventories	162,378	2 210 205	3,603,575
Total current assets	385,190	3,218,385	3,003,373
Capital assets	148,683	_	148,683
Vehicles and equipment	(148,683)	_	(148,683)
Accumulated depreciation	(146,065)		(110,000)
Net capital assets			
Total assets	385,190	3,218,385	3,603,575
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	65,203	8,409	73,612
Compensated absences	9,742	<u>-</u>	9,742
Total current liabilities	74,945	8,409	83,354
Noncurrent liability-compensated absences	19,598		19,598
Total liabilities	94,543	8,409	102,952
NET ASSETS - unrestricted	290,647	3,209,976	3,500,623
Total net assets	\$ 290,647	\$ 3,209,976	\$ 3,500,623

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Operating revenues	Fleet Services Fund	Self- Insurance Fund	Total
Charges for services	\$ 1,693,461	\$ 521,318	\$ 2,214,779
Total operating revenues	1,693,461	521,318	2,214,779
Operating expenses			
Salaries and benefits Supplies, maintenance and services Energy and utilities Depreciation and amortization	514,502 545,069 677,104 74	468,992	514,502 1,014,061 677,104 74
Total operating expenses	1,736,749	468,992	2,205,741
Operating income	(43,288)	52,326	9,038
Change in net assets	(43,288)	52,326	9,038
Net assets - beginning	333,935	3,157,650	3,491,585
Net assets - ending	\$ 290,647	\$ 3,209,976	\$ 3,500,623

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Fleet Services Fund	Self- Insurance Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,682,722 (1,158,937) (507,368) 16,417	\$ 517,508 (462,817) - - 54,691	\$ 2,200,230 (1,621,754) (507,368) 71,108
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	16,417	54,691	71,108
Balances—beginning of the year	181,945	3,159,884	3,341,829
Balances—end of the year	\$ 198,362	\$ 3,214,575	\$ 3,412,937
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	\$ (43,288)	\$ 52,326	\$ 9,038
provided by operating activities: Depreciation expense	74	-	74.
Change in assets and liabilities: Receivables, net Inventories Accounts and other payables Accrued expenses	(10,739) 36,505 26,731 7,134	(3,810) - 6,175	(14,549) 36,505 32,906 7,134
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 16,417	\$ 54,691	\$ 71,108

FIDUCIARY FUND

The Park City Agency Fund is used to hold deposits and performance bonds.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Statement of Changes in Assets and Liability For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2006
Park City Agency				
Assets Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city	\$	609,478	\$ (654,808) \$	1,830,127
Liability Deposits	\$ <u>1,875,457</u> \$	609,478	\$ (654,808) \$	1,830,127

IMPACT FEE
AND
CAPITAL
PROJECT
SCHEDULES

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SCHEDULE OF PROJECT BUDGET-TO-DATE June 30, 2006

	Project	<i>E</i> :		Remaining	
	Budget	Prior Year(s)	Current Year	Total	Project Budget
Land and building acquisition Open space	\$ 32, 536 ,042	\$ 29,372,157 \$		29,376,997	\$ 3,159,045
Affordable housing	6,859,751	4,636,509	657,936	5,294,445	1,565,306
	39,395,793	34,008,666	662, 776	34,671,442	4,724,351
Street and storm drain improvements					
Woodside	2,154,361	2,154,361	-	2,154,361	15 111
Upper Park Avenue	1,392,387	1,372,386	4,890	1,377,276	1 5,111 921 ,2 27
Pavement management implementation	9,572,561	8,347,866	303, 468	8,651,334	60 0,00 0
Hillside Avenue	703 ,932	103,932	150 116	103,932 48 6,91 7	1,420,746
Other	1,907,663	308,801	178,116	480,917	1,420,740
	15,730,904	12,287,346	486,474	12,773,820	2,957,084
Building renovation and construction	3,713,813	3,712,764	235	3,71 2,99 9	814
Carl Winter's improvements	5,160,735	1,577,182	3,335	1,580,517	3,580,218
Marsac building improvements	20 7,698	172,622	-	172,622	35,076
ADA implementation Other projects	20,826,419	3,482,612	8,083,111	11,565,723	9,260,696
	29,908,665	8,945,180	8,086,681	17,031,861	12,876,804
Assessments other than huilding					
Improvements other than building	1,722,696	1,513,837	-	1,513,837	20 8,8 59
Old town stairs	2,873,090	1,732,473	148,772	1,881,245	991,84 5
Entry way improvements	7,808,783	1,864,037	5,504,383	7,368,420	440,363
Parking projects Trails master plan implementation	2,327,781	1,736,180	62,414	1,798,594	529,18 7
Downtown revitalization	4,859,917	2,044,466	598 ,116	2,642,582	2,217,335
	112,215	112,215	• -	112,215	-
Street/path lighting	24,827,582	14,012,625	2,243,446	16,256,071	8,571,511
Other projects Historical preservation	3,182,380	2,177,991	(2,388)	2,175,603	1,0 06,7 77
	47,714,444	25,193,824	8,554,743	33,748,567	13,965,877
City parks and cemetery improvements Main city park improvements	5,604,666	1,785,635	79 7,606	2,583,241	3,021,425
	5,604,666	1,785,635	797,606	2,583,241	3,021,425
Equipment					
Public works equipment	178,963	148,963	18,785	167,748	11,215
Information system	2,443,898	1,515,221	147,283	1,662,504	781,394
Other equipment	3,903,310	1,073,609	427,829	1,501,438	2,401,872
	6,526,171	2,737,793	593,897	3,331,690	3,194,481
•		\$ 84,958,444	¢ 19 182 177	\$ 104,140,621	\$ 40, 740, 022
Total	\$ <u>144,880,643</u>	Ψ <u>στ,συσ,στη</u>	Ψ 10,10±,111	A	· ·

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH IMPACT FEE REPORT SCHEDULE OF COMPOSITION AND ACTIVITY FOR IMPACT FEES June 30, 2006

			* •				
			Impact Fe	e 1	уре		
		Open Space	Public Safety		Streets		<u>Water</u>
Beginning balance July 1, 2003	\$	1,264,835 \$	884,182	_\$	495,058	\$_	
Collections							
FY 2004		400 540	00.000				
FY 2005		469,510	60,230		56,778		9 76,7 54
Total collections		828,504	103,376	_	79,599	_	1,66 4,7 47
Total conections		1,298,014	163,607	-	136,377	_	2,641,501
Expenditures							
FY 2004		246 ,502	22, 25 5		_		976,754
FY 2005		427,145	34,650		_		649,857
Total expenditures		673,647	56,905	• ·	•	-	1,626,612
Ending balance June 30, 2005	\$	1,889,202 \$	990,884	\$	631,435 \$	-	1,014,889
			Impact Fe	e Ty	/pe		
Immunot for a second		Open Space	Public Safety		<u>Streets</u>		<u>Water</u>
Impact fee sources			·				
Beginning balance July 1, 2005 FY 2006 proceeds	\$	1,889,202 \$	•••	\$	631, 43 5 \$	3	1,014,889
•		860,943	142,982	_	85,977	_	1,731,598
Total impact fee sources		2,750,145	1,133,866	_	717,412	_	2,746,487
Impact Fee Uses							
Planning/capital analysis		1,278	522		_		_
City park improvements		90,248	_		_		_
Recreation complex		561,921	_		_		_
Public safety complex		-	266,402		_		_
2005 series a st bond - debt svc		500,000	128,302		_		-
Hillside ave design & widening		-	· <u>-</u>		_		_
Bonanza crosswalk		-	-		_		-
JSSD water assessment		-	_		-		658,694
Boothill pump station		-	_		-		521
Park meadows well water treatment		-	_		-		-
JSSD additional 12" water connection			_		-		50,000
Total impact fee uses	-	1,153,447	395,226	_	<u>-</u>	_	709,215
Remaining Balance							
Ending balance June 30, 2006	œ	1 E00 007 A	700 045	Φ.	7.7.		
Ending balance Julie 30, 2000	\$ _	1,596,697 \$	738,640	\$	717,412 \$		2,037,273

PARK CITY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION, UTAH IMPACT FEE REPORT SCHEDULE OF PROJECTED IMPACT FEE EXPENDITURES June 30, 2006

		Open Space	pen Space Public Safety		<u>Streets</u>			<u>Water</u>
Fiscal year 2007 planned expense	•	004 479	¢		\$	_	\$	_
City park improvements	\$	354,178	Ф	744.000	Ψ		Ψ	_
Public safety complex		-		714,060		-		_
2005 series a st bond - debt svc		500,0 00		13 1,6 07				-
Hillside avenue design & widening		-		-		60 0,00 0		-
JSSD water assessment		÷		-		-		6 76,6 63
Boothill pump station		-		-		-		4,2 97
Park meadows well water treatment		-		-		-		335
Quinn's junction - mtn reg water tie-in		-		-		-		4 00,0 00
								•
Fiscal year 2008 planned expense		500,000		131,607		-		-
2005 series a st bond - debt svc		300,000				5 0,00 0		-
Meadows drive traffic signal		-				-		715,954
JSSD water assessment		-		-				, ,0,00
Fiscal year 2009 planned expense								
2005 series a st bond - debt svc		500,000		131,607				-
OTIS projects		-		-		300,000		
JSSD water assessment			_				_	744,592
Total planned expense	\$	1,854,178	- = \$	1,108,881	= \$	950,000	\$ _	2,541,841

STATISTICAL

SECTION

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements and note disclosures says about the City's overall financial health.

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Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented Statement 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Schedule 1
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Net Assets by Component
Last Three Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal year					
		2004		2005	_	2006	
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net assets	s	76,844,603 4,758,014 41,563,061 123,165,678	\$ \$	81,377,025 24,563,680 27,672,420 133,613,125	\$ \$	84,556,119 13,382,225 45,952,484 143,890,828	
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net assets	\$ \$	30,621,505 4,890,128 5,071,623 40,583,256	\$. \$	34,255,631 3,764,831 6,280,644 44,301,106	\$ 	33,886,798 8,732,350 5,208,267 47,827,415	
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net assets	s	107,466,108 9,648,142 46,634,684 163,748,934	\$ \$	115,632,656 28,328,511 33,953,064 177,914,231	\$ \$	118,442,917 22,114,575 51,160,751 191,718,243	

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

Schedule 2 Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Changes in Net Assets, Last Three Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

•	· · · <u> </u>					
Expenses		2004		Fiscal year 2005		2006
Governmental activities:						
General government	_					
Public safety	\$	7, 846,7 91		6,493,17	8 \$	9,793,758
Public works		3,105,264		3,29 6,810)	3,614,976
Library and recreation		7,466,892		7,679,736	5	7,806,325
Interest on long-term debt		2,668,135		2,333,87	l	2,569,725
	_	1,416,853	_	1,875,384	<u>.</u>	1,864,527
Total governmental activities expenses	_	22,503,935	<u>:</u>	21,678,979)	25,649,311
Business-type activities:						
Water		5,635,628		5,586,033		5,126,182
Transportation and parking		4,485,535		5,057,840		5,664,315
Golf course		1,345,877	_	1,218,127		1,197,417
Total business-type activities expenses		11,467,040		11,862,000		11,987,914
Total primary government expenses	s	33,970,975	-	33,540,979	-	37,637,225
Program Revenues	_		-		• •	37,037,223
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services						
General government	\$	1 200 001		2.000.040	_	
Public safety	.p	1,808,891	\$	3,272,967	\$	3,605,851
Public works		8,670		4,920		4,625
Library and recreation		16,670		20,000		54,660
Operating grants and contributions		883,021 157,519		946,460		1,078,903
Capital grants and contributions				53,418		191,803
Total governmental activities program revenues	_	4,487,886 7,362,657	_	3,365,287	_	1,994,234
Business-type activities:	_	7,302,037	_	7,663,052	_	6,9 30,076
Charges for services		•				
Water		4 443 150				
Transportation and parking		4,443,168		3,972,634		5,314 ,807
Golf course		1,705,022		2,250,236		2,5 35,187
Operating grants and contributions		958,295		857,200		896,091
Capital grants and contributions		188,377		339,700		-
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	391,320		4,746,137	_	3,099,552
Total primary government program revenues	s	7,686,182 15,048,839	s —	12,165,907 19, 828,9 59	_	11,845,637
Net (expense)/revenue	· ·	20,010,059	" ==	17,020,939	'=	18,775,713
Governmental activities	c	(15.141.070)	_			
Business-type activities	\$	(15,141,278)	\$	(14,015,927)	\$	(18,719,235)
Total primary government net expense	s —	(18,922,136)	s	303,907		(142,277)
		(18,922,130)	³ <u>—</u>	(13,712,020)	\$ _	(18,861,512)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities:						
Taxes						
Property tax, levied for general purposes	\$	9,584,191	\$	10,771,072	\$	10,235,875
Property tax, levied for debt service		1,711,909		1,711,909		2,211,909
General sales and use tax Franchise tax		3,400 ,87 7		3,892,401		4,268,697
		1,854,981		2,309,090		2,715,184
Resort tax		3,158,783		3,954,810		4,261,186
Investment earnings		758,492		1,481,694		2,976,800
Miscellaneous Gain on sale of capital assets		496, 246		342,398		1,275,609
Transfers		-		~		1,051,678
otal governmental activities		2,189,364				, , <u>.</u>
		23,154,843		24,463,374		28,996,938
asiness-type activities:						
General sales and use tax		2,219,524		2,655,488		2,871,465
Investments earnings		148,436		275,885		465,996
Miscellaneous		433,609		482,570		331,125
Transfers		(2,189,364)	_	, -		
tal business-type activities		612,205		3,413,943	_	3,668,586
tal primary government	s	23,767,048	\$	27,877,317	s	32,665,524
ange in Net Assets						
vernmental activities	\$	8,013,565	\$	10,44 7,44 7	\$	10,277,703
siness-type activities tal primary government		(3,168,653)		3,717,850	-	3,526,309
[2] DEIMAD / Covernment		4,844,912				~,~~0,~0,

Note: The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

⁽¹⁾ In February 2006, the City began operation of the Quinn's Recreation Complex Ice Skating Arena. The expenses for operation of the arena are included in general government.

Schedule 3
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Three Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year					
		2004		2005	2006		
General fund Total general fund - unreserved, undesignated	\$ _	2,992,064	\$_	3,216,779	3,120,657		
All other governmental funds							
Reserved Major capital projects funds-capital projects Major debt service funds-capital projects Major debt service Nonmajor debt service funds-capital projects Nonmajor debt service funds-debt service	\$	- - 2,630,600 2,127,414	\$	6,356,191 (1) \$ 16,443,301 (1) 13,159 1,025,952 725,077	3,615,314 8,015,584 5,548 1,061,227 684,552		
Unreserved, designated Major capital projects funds Nonmajor capital projects funds Major debt service funds Nonmajor debt service funds		18,904,054 4,497,301 177,742 1,141,311		26,616,759 3,272,704 451,885 337,744	37,188,250 (2) 3,551,772 436,235 58,800		
Unreserved, undesignated Major capital projects funds Major debt service funds Nonmajor capital projects funds Nonmajor debt service funds	_	9,783,315 795,495 (247,426)	_	8,177,726 (300,875) 1,944,705 	9,748,106 (6,232,622) 1,856,919 112,581 60,102,266		
Total all other governmental funds	\$_	39 ,80 9,806	\$ _	03,004,328	00,102,200		

Notes: Table represents data available since implementation of GASB Statement 44, and will increase to ten years over time.

(1) The increase in reserved fund balance in fiscal year 2005 was due to unspent bond proceeds from an issuance during the period for capital projects.

(2) The increase in designated fund balance in fiscal year 2006 was primarily due to a \$6.5 million transfer from the general fund to the capital projects improvement fund per the City's budget.

Schedule 4
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Last Three Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
Revenues		<u>2004</u>		2005		2006				
Taxes and special assessments	\$	19 ,688, 976	ď	22 594 020	•					
Licenses and permits	Ψ	1,144,028	\$	22,584,930	\$	23,715,701				
Intergovernmental		838,767		2,154,641		2,250,004				
Charges for services		9 59 ,759		662,954		933,555				
Fines and forfeitures		26,9 47		1,053,161		1,375,512				
Investment income		75 8, 492		25, 766 1 ,481,6 94		28,622				
Impact fees		586,518		1, 461, 694		2,976,800				
Rental and other miscellaneous		1,709,620		1,6 80, 982		1,089,901				
Total revenues		25,713,107	_	30,654,907	_	1,216,022 33,586,117				
					_	33,360,117				
Expenditures										
General government		7,052,526		6,975,713		7,201,245				
Public safety		3,0 08,4 90		3,219,448		3,509,959				
Public works		3,410,777		3,7 46, 378		4,021,580				
Library and recreation		2,122,774		2,067,106		2,268,341				
Debt Service										
Principal retirement		4,437,570		6,8 67,6 02		3,820,134				
Interest Bond issuance		1,423,844		1,650,721		1,897,895				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-		264,195		-				
Capital outlay		10,105,470	_	9,6 52 ,321		19,137,043				
Total expenditures		31,561,451		34,443,484		41,8 56 ,197				
Revenues (under) expenditures		(5,848,344)		(3,788,577)		(8,270,080)				
Other financing sources (uses)										
Debt issuance		5,024,109		24,500,000						
Refunding bonds issued		-		4,500,000		-				
Premium on debt issuance		_		173,975		-				
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_		(4,143,153)		-				
Payment to refunded bond holders		-		(387,745)		_				
Capital contributions		-		2,000,000		-				
Proceeds from sale of assets		11,093		486,059		1,08 2,8 98				
Transfers in		11,827,304		26,788,395		27,192,306				
Transfers out		(9,440,487)		(24,649,717)		(25,063,308)				
Total other financing sources		7,422,019		29,267,814	_	3,211,896				
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,573,675	\$	25,479,237	\$	(5,058,184)				
Debt Service as a						_				
percentage of noncapital expenditures		27%		250/		0.504				
1 or monoaptair experiences		21/0		35%		25%				

Schedule 5
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
General Government Tax Revenues by Source(1)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Sales and Use Tax	Franchise Tax	Resort Tax	Total
				2 425 192	10,647,572
1997	4,4 40,9 43	2, 703, 699	1, 067 ,748	2,435,182	• •
1998	4,652,188	2,800,917	1,184,569	2,58 7,65 6	11,225,330
1999	4,803,713	2,930,353	1,175,506	2,552 ,6 06	11,462,178
==	5,666,842	3,010,970	1,195,335	2,644,765	12,517,912
2000		3,178,411	1,480,821	3,036,380	14,424,871
2001	6,7 29,2 59	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,641,647	3,136,399	15,788,624
2002	7,303,205	3,707,373	, ,	3,039,168	15,000,737
2 003	7,045,425	3,213,567	1,702,577	, ,	16,279,774
2004	7,865,133	3,400,877	1,854,981	3,158,783	, ,
2005	8,955,565	3,892,401	2,309,090	3,954,810	19,111,866
2006	8,942,736	4,268,697	2,715,184	4,261,186	20,187,803
Change: 1997-2006	101.4%	57. 9 %	154.3%	75.0%	89.6%

⁽¹⁾ Includes general fund and debt service fund.

Schedule 6
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property
Last Six Fiscal Years
(in thousands of dollars)

Total	Direct	Тах	Rate	0.001216 %	0.002204 %	0.002166 %	0.002267 %	0.002537 %	0.002349 %	
	Total Taxable	Assessed	Value	2,938,871	3,197,541	3,248,321	3,366,694	3,472,236	3,761,216	
			ı	64)						
	Total	Assessed	Value	3,051,638	3,372,407	3,516,394	3,548,766	3,659,379	3,941,500	•
			•	↔						
		Miscellaneous	Property	42,624	54,165	53,764	51,877	51,642	44,779	
			ı	6						
		Commercial	Property	290,391	314,503	308,415	314,184	318,780	381,696	
			1	↔						
		Residential	Property	2,718,623	3,003,739	3,154,215	3,182,705	3,288,957	3,515,024	
			1	€9						
		Fiscal	Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	

Source: Summit County Assessor's Office

Schedule 7
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Taxable Sales by Category
Last Three Fiscal Years
(in thousands of dollars)

			F	iscal Year		
		<u>2004</u>		<u>2005</u>		<u>2006</u>
Apparel stores	\$	11,363	\$	14,213	\$	36,560
Food stores		41,627		44,444		67,093
Eating and drinking establishments		52,551		58,713		52, 381
Home furnishings and appliances		8,183		9,143		13,059
Building materials and farm tools		16,145		21,943		18,054
Miscellaneous retail stores		50,969		58,732		58,340
All other outlets	_	684	_	1,916	_	67
Total	\$ _	181,522	\$_	209,104	\$ _	245,554
City direct sales tax rate		2.25 %	6	2.25 %	6	2.25 %

Source: Utah State Tax Commission website: Off Wasatch Front Zip Code Taxable Sales by Major Industry

Schedule 8
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	Total Levy for Park City Residents		0.011442	0.011810	0.009919	0.010825	0.010753	0.010379	0.008607	0.008720	0.009539	0.008939
	Park City School		0.005908	0.006564	0.005555	0.006056	0.005802	0.005555	0.003902	0.003847	0.004083	0.003774
	Park City Fire		0.000678	0.000811	0.000898	0.000907	0.000901	0.000898	0.000858	0.000885	0.001180	0.001132
Overlapping Rates	Weber Basin Water		0.000154	0.000145	0.000137	0.000139	0.000200	0.000193	0.000193	0.000198	0.000198	0.000193
Ove	State Assessment/ Collecting		0.000433	0.000379	0.000355	0.000360	0.000348	0.000339	0.000323	0.000337	0.000321	0.000321
	Summit County Levy		0.001850	0.001630	0.001169	0.001249	0.001216	0.001190	0.001165	0.001186	0.001220	0.001170
	Total Direct		0.000410	0.002419	0.001805	0.002114	0.002286	0.002204	0.002166	0.002267	0.002537	0.002349
City Direct Rates	General Obligation Debt Service	ue)	0,000	0.000114	0.000074	0.000225	0.000410	0.000370	0.000319	0.000412	0.000662	0.000601
Ċ	Basic Rate	Fax Rate (per \$1 of taxable value)	300000	0.002303	0.001731	0.001889	0.001876	0.001834	0.001847	0.001855	0.001875	0.001748
	Fiscal Year	Tax Rate (per	,	1997	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006

Source: Summit County property tax notices.

Note: The City's basic property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the City's residents. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements.

Schedule 9
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rate
Last Three Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	City Direct Rate	Summit County	State of Utah	Total
2004	2.25 %	0.35 %	4.75 %	7.35 %
2005	2.25	0.35	4.75	7.35
2006	2.25	0.35	4.75	7.35

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

Schedule 10
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Principal Property Taxpayers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2006				1997	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
M. An Owner bin Deports	\$ 11 4,5 04,078	1	3.04 %	\$	16,148,250	2	0.80 %
Marriott Ownership Resorts	48,244,936	2	1.28	J	24,401,148	1	1.20
Deer Valley Resort	16,312,707	3	0.43		21,101,110	-	•
Mountain Developments Inc	14,247,158	4	0.38		-	-	-
POWDR Development	14,485,982	5	0.39		_	-	_
Madanas Family	12,167,280	6	0.32		_	_	-
United Park City Mines	11,400,575	7	0.30		-	_	-
Qwest	10,630,322	8	0.28		_	_	-
George Stefanis MD	9,988,980	9	0.27		_	-	•
Spring Canyon Associates	8,756,011	10	0.23		7,654,610	7	0.40
PacifiCorp	8,613,406	11	0.23		7,00 1,010	· -	-
Silver Lake Associates	8,220,013	12	0.22		_	_	_
Sunstone Sidewinder LLC	7,970,000	13	0.21		6,402,550	10	0.30
Yarrow Hotel	• •	14	0.21		0,402,550		-
Prospector Plaza	7,876,813	15	0.18		7,458,602	8	0.40
Snow Creek Center LLC	6,924,637	16	0.17		7,430,002	_	-
Park Meadows Club Inc	6,219,961	17	0.17		_	_	_
Park Regency	5,791,800	18	0.13			_	_
Questar	4,208,432	19	0.11		10,200,860	4	0.50
Park City Mountain Resort	-	-	-		12,702,490	3	0.60
U.S. West	•	-	-		8,417,152	6	0.40
Karen Huntsman	•	•	•		8,787,390	5	0.40
Delta Airlines	-	•	-		7,375,723	9	0.40
Wintzer Wolfe	-	-	•		6,115 ,42 1	11	0.30
Sweetwater Properties	-	-	-		6,059,954	12	0.30
Park Plaza	•	-	•		5,520,908	13	0.30
Kahler Corporation	-		-			14	0.30 0. 20
Albertson's	-	-	26.0/		3,541,866	14	4.0 %
Totals	\$ <u>316,563,091</u>		2.6 %	,—	130,786,924		7.0 70

Source: Summit County Treasurer and Park City Finance Department

Schedule 11
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied		within the of the Levy		Collections		Total Collec	tions to Date
Ended June 30,	 for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		in Subsequent Years	-	Amount	Percentage of Levy
1997	\$ 3,914,279	\$ 4.214.394	107 .67 %	6 S	226,549	\$	4,440,943	113.45 %
1998	4,200,118	4,407,877	104.95	•	244,311	•	4,652,188	110.76
1999	4,531,453	4,532,449	100.02		271,264		4,803,713	106.01
2000	5,041,731	5,413,157	107.37		253,685		5,666,842	112.40
2001	6,031,299	6,447,289	106.90		281,970		6,729,259	111.57
2002	6,36 6,93 7	6,796,305	106.74		506,900		7,303,205	114.71
2003	6,620,186	6,575,217	99.32		470,208		7,045,425	106.42
2004	6,997,424	7,393,110	105.65		472,023		7,865,133	112.40
2005	8,051,199	8,56 2,600	106.35		392,965		8,955,565	111.23
2006	8,156,143	8,59 0,9 34	105.33		351,802		8,942,736	109.64

Source: Summit County Treasurer and Park City Finance Department

The "Total Tax Levy" is the dollar amount certified by the City as needed to balance the budget. The tax rate adopted by the City to generate the "Total Tax Levy" is adjusted, in accordance with State law, to compensate for potential appeals and estimated collection rate. Subsequently, in years where actual appeals are less than the given adjustment and/or the actual collection rate is higher than projected, the City can receive in "Current Tax Collections" an amount greater than the "Total Tax Levy" required to balance the budget.

Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Three Fiscal Years Schedule 12

	Per Capita (1)	\$ 4,908	6,824	089'9
	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	2.46%	3.42%	3.31%
	Total Primary Government	36,703,719	53,785,465	53,879,809
	•	€9		
ivities	Capital Leases.	121,676	90,922	58,400
e Acti		69		<u>:</u>
Business-type Activities	Water	7,917,000	7,428,000	11,375,000 (2
	•	↔		
	Contracts Payable	900,043	731,543	686,409
	_	€3		
	Municipal Building Authority	8,585,000		•
8	•	€9		
Governmental Activities	Tax Increment Bonds	.1	20,000,000	18,870,000
vern	ı	64		
Ğ	Redevelopment Bonds	900 ,088 ,000	5,620,000	4,320,000
	_ 1	\$	_	_
	General Obligation Bonds	12,300,000	19,915,000	18,570,000
I	•	€>		
	Fiscal	2004	2005	2006

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See Schedule 18 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

(2) The City issued Water Revenue Bonds Series 2006 for \$4,450,000 in fiscal year 2006.

Schedule 13
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Last Three Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt

		·	Percentage		
		General	of Actual		
Fiscal		Obligation	Property		Per
<u>Year</u>	_	Bonds	Value (1)	_	Capita (2)
2004	\$	12,300,000	0.37%	\$	1,645
2005		19,915,000	0.57%		2, 527
2006		18,570,000	0.49%		2,302

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) See Schedule 6 for property value data.
- (2) Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule 18.

Schedule 14
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt
As of June 30, 2006

Governmental Unit	 Net Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Park City (2)	_	Estimated Amount Applicable to Park City
Debt repaid with property taxes				
State of Utah Summit County Park City School District Snyderville Basin Water Reclamation District Weber Basin Water Conservancy District	\$ 1,377,390,000 11,260,000 42,600,000 5,204,828 33,806,619	3.49% 48.13% 47.67% 50.00% 13.51%	\$	48,125,622 5,419,885 20,306,303 2,602,414 4,567,266
Subtotal, overlapping debt				81,021,490
City direct debt (1)	18,570,000	100.00		18,5 70,0 00
Total direct and overlapping general obligation debt			\$ <u></u>	99,5 91,4 90

Sources: Utah State Auditors Office and Summit County Treasurer

Notes

- (1) Includes only long-term general obligation debt being repaid through general property taxes.
- (2) For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another government unit's taxable assessed value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Park City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Schedule 15
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Legal Debt Margin Information
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			500		FISCAL YEAR	YEAR	5000	7000	1000 F	2006
	1997	<u>1998</u>	1999	<u> </u>	2001	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	2004	2002	2000
Debt limit	\$ 81,827,925 \$	81,827,925 \$ 113,710,021 \$	113,710,021 \$	107,208,237 \$	113,710,021 \$ 107,208,237 \$ 117,554,834 \$ 127,901,648 \$ 129,932,855 \$ 134,667,752 \$ 138,889,430 \$	127,901,648 \$	129,932,855 \$	134,667,752 \$	138,889,430 \$	150,448,648
Total net debt applicable to limit	931,375	764,070	584,863	3,462,229	3,087,428	8,299,920	7,604,811	12,300,000	19,915,000	18,570,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 80,896,550 \$	\$ 80,896,550 \$ 112,945,951 \$ 113,1	113,125,158	103,746,008 \$	114,467,406 \$	119,601,728 \$	122,328,044 \$	122,367,752 \$	125,158 \$ 103,746,008 \$ 114,467,406 \$ 119,601,728 \$ 122,328,044 \$ 122,367,752 \$ 118,974,430 \$	131,878,648
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	1.14%	0.67%	0.51%	3.23%	2.63%	6.49%	2.85%	9.13%	14.34%	12.34%
					Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2006	n Calculation for	Fiscal Year 2006			
		÷			Total assessed value	ų,		:	6 3	\$ 3,761,216,189
					Debt limit - 4% of total assessed value	total assessed valuable to debt lim				150,448,648
					General Obligation	on Bonds 1999, 20	infounts of even application to decorations of 2004 & 2004 Series General Obligation Bonds 1999, 2000, 2003 & 2004 Series from the conference of consequences of consequences of the conference of consequences of consequence	eries		18,570,000
					Less. Amount available to repar Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	anaole to limit dicable to limit	या पर हुटाएतवा प्रणाह	ALION COLLUS	 	18,570,000 131,878,648

Note: Under Utah State Law, Park City's outstanding debt should not exceed 4 percent of total assessed property value.

The general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by resources set aside for the repayment of the prinicipal that are externally restricted.

Schedule 16
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Pledged-Revenue Coverage
Last Three Fiscal Years

Main Street Redevelopment Bonds

Property

Tax

Debt Service

	Tax	_	Debt S	erv	vice	_	
	Increment		Principal	_	Interest	-	Coverage
2004	\$ 1,30 0,0 00	\$	830,000 \$	\$	68,689	\$	1.4
2005	1,30 0,00 0		860,0 00		41,818		1.4
2006	1,300,000		885,000		14,071		1.4

Lower Park Avenue Redevelopment Bonds

	•	Property Tax	Debt Sei	rvice	
	•	Increment	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2004	\$	2,109,202 \$	385,000 \$	348,285	2 .9
2005		2,173,064	400,000	234,885	3.4
2006		2,227,898	415,000	220,745	3.5

Sales Tax Increment Bonds

	Sales Tax	Debt S	ervice	
	Increment	Principal(1)	Interest (1)	Coverage
2004	\$ - 9	- \$	-	-
2005	68 0,65 6	-	-	-
2006	2,023,651	1,130,000	837,355	1.0

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See Schedule 17 for information on water revenue bond coverage.

(1) Debt issued in fiscal year 2005. No principal and interest payments were scheduled in the period in which the debt was issued.

Schedule 17
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Water Fund Refunding Revenue Bonds
Schedule of Net Revenues to Aggregate Debt Service
As of June 30, 2006

Coverage Ratio

		-					Actual	Minimum
Net revenues (change in net assets less capital contributions)					\$	2,096,796		
Add Excluded transfer to general fund Depreciation and amortization						654,629 1,149,014		
Bond interest expense				-		288,235		
Revenues pledged to debt					•	4,188,674	5.30	1.20
2002 Water Revenue and Refunding Bonds	\$ Principal 503,000 \$	Interest 286,905	- \$	Total (789,905)				
Less water impact fees						(1,731,598))	
Net revenues less impact fees pledged to debt					\$	2,457,076	3.11	1.00

		Gross			Gross		
		Revenues			Revenue		-
	Net	(Less Impact	Total		Available		
	Revenue	Fees) Available	Debt		for Debt		
Year	(Loss)	for Debt Service	Service	Coverage	Service	Debt	Coverage
1997	1,511,887	1,542,064	971,672	1.59	2,626,588	971 ,672	2.70
1998	718,665	1,248,435	977,460	1.28	1,812,535	977,460	1.85
1999	407,395	1,001,065	91 1,9 15	1.10	1,538,520	911 ,915	1.69
2000	(243,994)	889 ,195	915,246	0.97	889, 195	915,246	0.97
2001	344,821	1,454,207	907,500	1.60	1,454,207	907 ,500	1.60
2002	(258,328)	560 ,899	9 07,9 57	0.62	935,661	907 ,957	1.03
2003	584,567	1,119,038	7 68,3 38	1.46	1,922,291	768,338	2.50
2004	(1,100,049)	202,963	791,514	0.26	1, 179, 717	791 ,514	1.49
2005	202,045	584, 336	791,495	0.74	2,249,083	791, 495	2.84
2006	2,096,796	2,457,076	789,905	3.11	4,188,674	789, 905	5.30

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The Water Revenue Bonds Series 2006 were issued in fiscal year 2006. No principal or interest payments are scheduled until fiscal year 2008.

Schedule 18 Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Three Fiscal Years

Year	Population(2)	,	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)(1)(2)	-	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Median Age	School Enrollment(4)	Unemployment Rate (1)(3)
2004	7,478	\$	1,491,412	\$	44,069	32.7	4,150	6.0%
2005	7,882		1,571,986		45,538	32.7	4,344	5.3%
2006	8,066		1,626,716		47,933	32.7	4,411	4.0%

Notes: (1) Applies to Summit County.

Table represents data available since implementation of GASB Statement 44, and will increase to ten years over time.

Sources:

- (2) Census Bureau
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (4) Park City School District

Schedule 19
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	-	2006				1997		
	Yearly Maximum Yearly Minimum	Yearly Minimum		Percentage of Total City	Yearly Maximum	Yearly Minimum		Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Employees	Rank	Employment(1)	Employees	Employees	Rank	Employment(1)
Deer Valley Resort	1,962	191	-	13.07 %	299	200		2.32 %
Park City Mountain Resort	950	70	7	6.33		•	•	
Park City Municipal Corporation	827	899	33	5.51	199	100	4	1.54
Park City School District	763	200	4	2.08	•	•	•	•
Premier Resorts of Utah	009	300	.	4.00	199	100	9	1.54
Stein Eriksen Lodge	499	250	9	3.32	199	100	7	1.54
Jan's Mountain Outfitters	250	100	7	1.67	•		•	•
Albertson's	249	100	0 0	1.66	66	50	6	0.77
Marriott Park City	249	100	6	1.66	•	•	•	ı
Marriott Ownership Resorts	129	129	01	98.0	•		•	•
Dan's Foods	100	85	Ξ	19:0	199	100	7	1.54
Fairbanks Capital Corp	•	•	1	•	199	100	3	1.54
Olympia Park Hotel		•	•	•	199	100	S	1.54
Yarrow Hotel	100	100	12	0.67	199	100	∞	1.54
Anderson Lumber	66	50	13	99.0	66	50	10	0.77
Fotal	6,777	2,643		45.15 %	1,890	1,000		14.64 %

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Note: (1) Percentage based on the maximum number of employees in the range.

Schedule 20
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Three Fiscal Years

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30

			as of June 30	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		2004	2005	2006
<u>Functio</u>	<u>n</u>			
General	government			
	Executive	4.0	3.0	3.0
	Finance	6.3	6.8	6.8
	Human resources	5.6	5.6	5.6
	Budget, debt and grants	3.3	3.3	3.3
	Planning	8.0	7.5	6.5
	Building	14.8	14.8	14.8
	Engineering	3.0	3.0	3.0
	Legal	7.1	7.1	7.1
	Other	16.8	16.3	21.1
Public sa	afety			
	Police	33.9	32.9	32.1
	Communication center	8.5	8.5	8.5
	Other	0.6	0.6	1.4
Public w	vorks			
	Transit	38.1	43.1	55.4
	Fleet services	7.3	7.3	8.8
	Street maintenance	16.0	16.0	16.0
	Parks and cemetery	19.1	18.6	19.9
	Administration	3.0	3.0	2.5
•	Other	12.2	12.2	11.7
Library a	and recreation			
	Library	10.5	10.5	11.6
	Golf	10.0	8.8	7.2
	Recreation	25.6	25.9	25.9
	Tennis	5.9	6.5	7.1
Water				
	Water billing	1.0	1.0	1.0
	Water operations	13.8	13.8	14.0
Reorgani	ized departments			
	Leisure services	6.3	-	-
	Other	3.0	-	
Total		283.5	275.9	293.9

Source: Park City Budget Department

Notes: Table represents data available since implementation of GASB Statement 44, and will increase to ten years over time.

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 2,080 hours per year (including vacation). Full-time equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Schedule 21
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Population Statistics

			Per cent		Percent
Census:	Fiscal	Park City	Change from	Summit County	Change from
	<u>Year</u>	<u>Population</u>	Prior Period	Population	Prior Period
	1950	2,254	- %	6,745	- %
	1960	1,366	(39.40)	5,673	(15.89)
	1970	1,193	(12.66)	5,879	3.63
	1980	2,823	136.63	10,198	73.46
	1990	4,430	56.93	15,518	52.17
	2000	6,500	46.73	29,736	91.62
	2001	7,371	13.40	30 ,60 7	2.93
	2002	7,371	-	31,857	4.08
	2003	7,478	1.45	34,073	6.96
-	2004	7,478	-	34,073	-
	2005	7,882	5.40	34,073	-
	2006	8,066	2.33	37,624	10.42

Age distribution of 2004 population:

Age	Number	Percent	
Under 5 Years	340	4.55	%
5-17	990	13. 24	
18-20	582	7. 78	
21-24	669	8.95	
25-44	1,438	19.23	
4 5-54	1,223	16.35	
55-59	1,365	18. 2 5	
60-64	569	7.61	
65-74	226	3.02	
75-84	. 47	0.63	
85 and over	29	0.39	
	7,478	100.00	- =

Median age: 32.7 Years

Sources: 1990 U.S. Census, 1982 and 1984 U.S. Census estimates,

and estimates based on building permits and city projections. Factfinder.census.gov - Census 2000 Summary File 3 (SF3)

Schedule 22
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Transient Room Capacity as a Percentage of Population
Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fi	scal	Transient Room	Park City	Resort	
Y	ear	Capacity	Population	Percentage	_
1	999	16,941	6,500	261	%
2	000	18,117	6,500	279	
2	001	19,473	7,371	264	
2	002	19,779	7,371	268	
2	003	24,714	7,478	330	
2	004	24,714	7 ,47 8	330	
2	005	25,133	7,882	319	
2	006	27,779	8,066	344	

Source: Park City Chamber/Visitors Bureau

Schedule 23
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Historical Pledged Taxes
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	:	Pledged Sales & Use Taxes	% Change From Prior Year	Pledged Resort Tax(2)	% Change From Prior Year	Total Pledged Taxes	% Change From Prior Year
1997	\$	2,703 ,699	6.6 % \$	2,435,182	10.3 % \$	5,138,881	8.3 %
1998		2,800,917	3.6	2,587,656	6.3	5 ,38 8,573	4.9
1999		2,930,353	4.6	2,552,606	(1.4)	5,482,959	1.8
2000		3,010,970	2.8	2,644,765	3.6	5,655,735	3.2
2001		3,178,411	5.6	3,036,680	14.8	6,215,091	9.9
2002		3,707,373 (1)	16.6	3,136,399	3.3	6,843,772	10.1
2003		3,213,567	(13.3)	3,039,168	(3.1)	6,252,735	(9.5)
2004		3,400,877	5.8	3,158,783	3.9	6,559,660	4.9
2005		3,892,401	14.5	3,954,810	25.2	7,847,211	19.6
2006		4,268,697	9.7	4,261,186	7.7	8,529,883	8.7

Notes: (1) Fiscal Year 2002 reflects a one-time increase in revenue due to the Olympics.

⁽²⁾ Pledged Resort Taxes reflect revenue figures equal to 75% of the total revenues collected pursuant to the City's levy of the 1% Resort Communities Tax (comprising the Pledged Resort Taxes). The City has previously earmarked 25% of the total of such revenues to transit-related projects and improvements.

Schedule 24
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Operating Indicators by Function
Last Three Fiscal Years

Function	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Police			
Physical arrests	699	652	618
Parking violations	369	460	1,207
Traffic violations	1,380	1,631	1,400
Public works			
Street resurfacing (tons of asphalt)	6,000	6,000	4, 650
Potholes repaired	150	150	150
Water			
Number of customers	4,637	4,706	4,805
New connections	76	95	96
Water main breaks	25	11	18
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	4,076	3,764	4,381
Peak daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	7,144	7,199	8,626
Average monthly billings (3/4" meter)	\$24.98	\$21.36	\$55.41
Residential billing rates			
Base rate (per 3/4" meter)	10.80	15.55	16.17
Base rate (per 1" meter)	14.58	21.00	21.84
Base rate (per 1-1/2" meter)	17.28	24.89	25.89
Rate per 1,000 gallons (winter months only)	1.89	1.94	2.83
Commercial billing rates			
Base rate (per 3/4" meter)	14.04	20.22	21.03
Base rate (per 1" meter)	23.76	34.21	35.58
Base rate (per 1-1/2" meter)	50.76	73.09	76 .01
Base rate (per 2" meter)	105.84	152.40	158.50
Base rate (per 3" meter)	275.40	396.58	412.44
Base rate (per 4" meter)	500.04	720.06	748.86
Base rate (per 6" meter)	942.84	1,357.69	1,411.99
Base rate (per 8" meter)	1,623.24	2,337.47	2,430.96
Rate per 1,000 gallons	1.89	2.72	2.83
Building activity			
Building permits issued	894	98 9	1,186
Number of residential units	125	247	220
Residential value (in thousands)	47,731	75,681	70,340
Commercial value (in thousands)	16,436	11,985	36,95 0
Parks and recreation			
Racquet club passes	2,625	2,539	2,3 70
Golf rounds	29,977	25,512	29,575
Library			
Total volumes borrowed	68,887	77,798	72,155
Circulation per capita	, 9	10	, 9
Transit			
Total route miles	692,000	946,600	931,050
Passengers	1,457,897	1,622,618	1,815,558
Sources: Various City departments	_,,	-,,	-,,

Sources: Various City departments.

Notes: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

Schedule 25
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Three Fiscal Years

<u>Function</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
Area (sq miles)	13	13	13
Police station	1	1	1
Transit buses	25	32	33
Public works			
Streets (lane miles)	106	109	111
Streetlights	515	515	523
Water			
Fire hydrants	855	855	975
Water mains (miles)	110	110	110
Storage capacity (thousands of gallons)	11,650	11,650	11,650
Recreation and culture			
Acreage	199.	199	199
Parks	36	36	36
Covered picnic areas	6	4	4
Tennis courts	13	13	13
Soccer fields	.4	. 4	4
Baseball diamonds	7	7	7
Library	1	1	1
Volumes in library	51,181	53,991	55,645
Golf course	1	1	1

Sources: Various City departments.

Notes: Fire protection is provided by the Park City Fire District.

Table represents data available since implementation of GASB Statement 44, and will increase to ten years over time.

Schedule 26
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Redevelopment Project Area
Market and Taxable Value Trends
Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR	TAXABLE VALUE	% CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR	MARKET VALUE	% CHANGE FROM PRIOR YEAR
	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	TIGON TENE	MANAGET VIBEL	TRIOR TEAR
1997	\$ 167,612,359	33.6 % \$	187,657,834	35.4 %
1998	183,482,775	9.5	207,436,807	10.5
1999	228,494,0 76	24.5	244,205,621	17.7
2000	219,099,368	(4.1)	241,223,670	(1.2)
2001	239,485,327	9.3	261,609,629	8.5
2002	314,084,599	31.1	336,208,901	28.5
2003	353,481,561	12.5	337,954,192	0.5
2004	346,514,365	(2.0)	377,330,745	10.4
2005	362,263,842	4.5	374 ,72 4,724	(0.7)
2006	357,626,748	(1.3)	391,165,787	4.2

Source: Report of Fiscal Consultant

Schedule 27
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Redevelopment Project Area
Historical Tax Increment Revenues
Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR	_	TAXABLE VALUE	ADJUSTED BASE YEAR TAXABLE VALUE]	NCREMENTAL TAXABLE VALUE	COMPOSITE TAX RATE	 GROSS TAX INCREMENT REVENUE	 % ATUTORY OCATION		1	TAX INCREMENT REVENUE
1997	s	167 .612.3 59 \$	74.6 47.9 99	\$	92,964,360	0.011442	\$ 1,063,698	80 9	%	\$	850,959
1998	•	183,482,775	74,647,999		108,834,776	0.011820	1,286,427	80			1,029,142
1999		228.494.076	71,761.869		156,732,207	0.009626	1,508,704	80			1,206,963
2000		219.099,368	71,761,869		147,337,499	0.010750	1,584,320	80			1,267,456
2001		239,485,327	71,763,238		167.822.089	0.010405	1,746,189	80			1,396,951
2002		314,084,599	62,67 6.3 63		251,408,236	0.010077	2,533,333	75			1,900,000
2003		353,481,561	62,676,363		290,805,198	0.010100	2,937,133	75			2,193,500
2004		346,514,365	62,676,363		283.838.002	0.010208	2,897,418	75			2,173,064
2005		362,263,842	62,676,363		299,587,479	0.010261	3,074,067	75			2,305,550
2006		357,626,748	71,663,238		285,963,510	0.010388	2,970,589	. 75			2,970,589

Source: Report of Fiscal Consultant

Schedule 28
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Schedule of Insurance in Force
As of June 30, 2006

COMPANY & COVERAGE TYPE, POLICY #	LIMITS	EXPIRATION	PRE	MIUM
AFFILIATED FM (Property Coverage) TS270	\$ 43,693,004	1/1/07	\$	41,768
TRAVELERS (Crime Policy), 103884093	\$ 525,000	1/1/08	\$	3,589
UTAH LOCAL GOVT TRUST (Workers Compensation), ULGT 1621.0	\$ 1,000,000	1/1/07	\$	114,256
STATES (Excess Liability, Automobile Liability, Employment Practice Liability, Law Enforcement Liability, and Error of Ommission Liability), SEL 30157 02	\$ 5,000,000	1/1/07	\$	115,234

Schedule 29
Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah
Five-Year Financial Summaries
Last Five Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30 (1)				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	
ASSETS						
Cash, cash equivalents and investments held by city	\$ 63,987,443	\$ 56,190,670	\$ 50, 040,92 2	\$ 53,745,036	\$ 48,6 28,0 50	
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent	1 6,861, 988	21,357,430	10,048,142	6, 585,6 53		
Investments	-	-	-	-	5,895,045	
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	•					
Taxes	12,763,566	12,548,445	12,373,018	11,046,825	497,5 76	
Accounts	1,566 ,591	1,414,622	1 ,091, 510	1, 370,6 01	500,523	
Notes receivable	1,626,416	1,427,672	1,286,541	1,337,869	1,425,562	
Inventories	502,177	526,515	551,840	544, 736	561,694	
Prepaids	421,824	405, 600	390,000	375,0 00	200,000	
Restricted assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	5,652,587	7,371,081	-	-	1,6 67,9 87	
Land and building held for resale	763,038	763,038	763,038	-	-	
Land and water rights	70,785,909	70,145,146	68,146,932	61,167,811	41,569,645	
Infrastructure (2)	28,479,082	2 7,958, 775	79,079, 677	77,434,155	-	
Buildings and improvements (2)	20,940,865	9,287,667	14,587,029	14,442,733	57,336,769	
Improvements other than buildings (2)	26,284 ,552	2 4,694, 249	48,713,477	46,388,378		
	391 ,051	318,559	192,694	109,214	_	
Art		5,673,060	14,452,253	14,284,145	13,215,325	
Vehicles and equipment (2)	5,362,887			1,157,789	15,215,525	
Construction in progress	4,903,828	7,685,086	1,818,812		(21.055.220)	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization (2)	-	-	(88,972,231)	(82,058,750)	(21,955,339)	
Unamortized bond issuance costs	684,338	727,226	559,728	564,9 37	24,408	
Amount available in debt service funds	-	-	-	-	6,450,098	
Amount to be provided for retirement						
of general long-term obligations					25,181,825	
Total assets	\$ 261,978,142	\$ 248,494,841	\$ 215, 123, 382	\$ 208,496,132	\$ 181,199,168	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 2,056 ,876	\$ 2,293, 873	\$ 743,4 69	\$ 707,261	\$ 957,269	
Accrued liabilities	619,522	1,078,225	1 ,109, 560	1,211,362	1,664,180	
Deposits	425,000	425,000	594,2 61	594,2 61	2,149,802	
Unearned revenues	12,605,196	12,392,246	12, 223,4 39	10,431,854	1,361,406	
Note payable	58,400	90,922	121,676	150,759	178,262	
Compensated absences	521,766	440,100		-	_	
Contracts payable	686,409	731,543	900,043	1,847,613	2,241,923	
General obligation bonds	18,671,229	20,024,111	12,300,000	8,155,000	8,760,000	
Revenue bonds	34,615,501	33,104,590	23,382,000	26,494,000	23,577,215	
Total liabilities	70,259,899	70,580,610	51,374,448	49,592,110	40,890,057	
Equity and other credits		-				
Contributed capital					24,357,957	
Investment in capital assets	118,442,917	115,632,656	107,466,108	107,025,766	54,516,762	
Retained earnings	110,112,517	1.0,002,000	,,	,	,,	
Reserved for water development	2,037,273	1,014,890			1,447,228	
•	2,031,273	1,017,050			95,724	
Reserved for repair and replacement	19 552 079	25,766,243	6, 717, 721	· ·	23,724	
Reserved for capital projects	18,553,078			•	1 25,0 35	
Reserved for debt service	1,524,224	1,547,378	2,930,421	-	,	
Unreserved	•	-	•	•	23,299, 119	
Fund balances						
Reserved for debt service	-	-	-	-	3, 429,5 94	
Unres erved						
Designated for debt service	•	-	-	-	3,020,504	
Designated for capital improvements	-	-	-	-	21, 171,2 90	
Undesignated	51,160,751	33,953,064	46,634,684	51,878,256	8,845,898	
Total equity and other credits	191,718,243	177,914,231	163,748,934	158,904,022	140,309,111	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 261,978,142	\$ 248,494,841	\$ 215,123,382	\$ 208,496,132	\$ 181,199,168	

Source: Information extracted from the City's fiscal years ended June 30, 2002 through 2006 general purpose financial statements

Notes: (1) Because of changes in accounting principles beginning Fiscal Year 2003, prior financial information may not be comparable.

⁽²⁾ Capital assets in Fiscal Year 2005 and Fiscal Year 2006 are shown net of accumulated depreciation.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE REPORTS





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, City Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wioun Smith Rachen & Pressott, UP

Salt Lake City, Utah November 14, 2006

MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

132 PIERPONT AVENUE, SUITE 250
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101
FAX (801) 328-2015
(801) 328-2011

MEMBER
UTAH ASSOCIATION OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH THE STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE GUIDELINES

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah (the City), for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2006. As a part of our audit, we have audited the City's compliance with the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; special tests and provisions applicable to each of its major State assistance programs as required by the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide for the year ended June 30, 2006. The City received the following major assistance programs from the State of Utah:

B & C Road Funds (Department of Transportation)

The City also received the following nonmajor grants which are not required to be audited for specific compliance requirements. (However, these programs were subject to testwork as part of the audit of the City's financial statements):

- DUI Enforcement (Department of Health)
- Citizen's Corp Grant (Department of Public Safety)

Our audit also included testwork on the City's compliance with the following general compliance requirements identified in the State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide:

- Public Debt
- Cash Management
- Purchasing Requirements
- Budgetary Compliance
- Truth in Taxation and Property Tax Limitations
- Liquor Law Enforcement
- B & C Road Funds
- Other General Issues
- Uniform Building Code Standards
- Impact Fees
- Asset Forfeiture

MEMBER
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

132 PIERPONT AVENUE, SUITE 250
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84101
FAX (801) 328-2015
(801) 328-2011

MEMBER
UTAH ASSOCIATION OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with all compliance requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The results of our audit procedures disclosed no instances of noncompliance with the requirements referred to above.

In our opinion, Park City Municipal Corporation, Utah, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the requirements governing types of services allowed or unallowed; eligibility; matching, level of effort, or earmarking; reporting; and special tests and provisions that are applicable to each of its major State assistance programs for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Wiom Smith Racher & Present, UP

Salt Lake City, Utah November 14, 2006